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TABLE 1: BASIC MACROECONOMIC INDICATORS FOR THE CROATIAN ECONOMY

| | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | | 200 | 9 | | | | 2009 | | | 20 | 10 |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2004 | 2005 | 2000 | 2007 | 2000 | 2005 | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | VIII | IX | Х | XI | XII | I | II |
| GDP, current prices (mil. HRK) | 245 550 | 264 367 | 286 341 | 314 223 | 342 159 | 333 063 | 77 867 | 84 627 | 89 375 | 81 194 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| GDP, real growth rates | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.7 | 5.5 | 2.4 | -5.8 | -6.7 | -6.3 | -5.7 | -4.5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total volume of industrial production, growth rate as $\%$ | 3.2 | 4.6 | 4.1 | 4.9 | 1.2 | -9.2 | -10.9 | -9.5 | -9.0 | -7.7 | -8.3 | -9.6 | -8.6 | -8.6 | -5.8 | 0.0 | -1.4 |
| Retail sales turnover, real growth rate as $\%$ | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.1 | 5.3 | -0.5 | -15.3 | -16.9 | -16.4 | -13.6 | -14.4 | -13.4 | -12.8 | -15.4 | -15.8 | -12.1 | -9.3 | -7.3 |
| Total volume of construction projects, growth rate as $\%$ | 2.0 | -0.8 | 9.3 | 2.4 | 11.8 | -6.5 | -0.3 | -4.9 | -7.6 | -13.0 | -7.1 | -9.4 | -15.7 | -9.8 | -13.1 | -18.4 | -21.4 |
| Nights spent by tourists, growth rate as $\%$ | 2.0 | 7.6 | 3.1 | 5.6 | 2.0 | -1.4 | -16.7 | -3.3 | 0.0 | -7.7 | 4.0 | 1.0 | -5.9 | -5.1 | -17.8 | -16.4 | -13.1 |
| Producer's prices, period average, % | 3.5 | 3.0 | 2.7 | 3.4 | 8.3 | -0.4 | 1.1 | -0.6 | -2.3 | 0.1 | -1.8 | -2.3 | -1.4 | 0.2 | 1.6 | 3.0 | 2.7 |
| Consumer prices, period average, % | 2.1 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 6.1 | 2.4 | 3.8 | 2.8 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.1 | 0.7 |
| Total persons in employment, end of period | 1 397 416 | 1 417 158 | 1 467 398 | 1 515 647 | 1 543 878 | 1 450 039 | 1 505 011 | 1 516 606 | 1 493 310 | 1 450 039 | 1 509 973 | 1 493 310 | 1 477 980 | 1 464 936 | 1 450 039 | 1 429 541 | 1 416 535 |
| Unemployed persons, end of period | 317 577 | 307 851 | 293 153 | 254 484 | 240 455 | 291 545 | 267 244 | 247 147 | 259 193 | 291 545 | 251 005 | 259 193 | 273 265 | 282 936 | 291 545 | 309 562 | 317 625 |
| Unemployment rate, end of period | 18.5 | 17.8 | 16.7 | 14.4 | 13.5 | 16.7 | 15.0 | 14.0 | 14.8 | 16.7 | 14.3 | 14.8 | 15.6 | 16.2 | 16.7 | 17.7 | 18.3 |
| Unemployment rate - ILO comparable, period average, $\%$ | 13.8 | 12.7 | 11.1 | 9.6 | 8.4 | 9.1 | 9.4 | 8.9 | 8.7 | 9.2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Average monthly gross wages and salaries, growth rate as $\%$ | 6.4 | 4.4 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 7.1 | 2.2 | 4.6 | 3.4 | 1.4 | -0.4 | 1.8 | 0.6 | 0.3 | -0.3 | -1.1 | -1.2 | -1.8 |
| Average monthly gross wages and salaries paid off in HRK | 5 985 | 6 248 | 6 634 | 7 047 | 7 544 | 7 711 | 7 708 | 7 752 | 7 638 | 7 745 | 7 627 | 7 569 | 7 643 | 7 808 | 7 783 | 7 615 | 7 457 |
| Exchange rate HRK/USD, period average | 6.03 | 5.95 | 5.84 | 5.37 | 4.93 | 5.28 | 5.68 | 5.41 | 5.12 | 4.92 | 5.14 | 5.03 | 4.89 | 4.89 | 4.98 | 5.10 | 5.33 |
| Exchange rate HRK/EUR, period average | 7.50 | 7.40 | 7.32 | 7.34 | 7.22 | 7.34 | 7.41 | 7.36 | 7.32 | 7.27 | 7.32 | 7.31 | 7.24 | 7.28 | 7.29 | 7.29 | 7.30 |
| Trade Balance (mil. USD) | -8 565 | -9 788 | -11 126 | -13 475 | -16 603 | -10 729 | -2 362 | -2 839 | -2 718 | -2 810 | -802 | -988 | -1 023 | -951 | -836 | -483 | -650 |
| Exports (mil. USD) | 8 024 | 8 773 | 10 377 | 12 364 | 14 124 | 10 474 | 2 462 | 2 537 | 2 626 | 2 849 | 729 | 973 | 957 | 971 | 921 | 884 | 798 |
| Imports (mil. USD) | 16 589 | 18 560 | 21 503 | 25 839 | 30 727 | 21 203 | 4 824 | 5 376 | 5 344 | 5 659 | 1 531 | 1 961 | 1 981 | 1 922 | 1 756 | 1 367 | 1 449 |
| Current Account Balance (mil. EUR) | -1 434 | -1 976 | -2 717 | -3 236 | -4 338 | -2 448 | -1 845 | -876 | 1 788 | -1 516 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Current Account Balance (as % of GDP) | -4.4 | -5.5 | -6.9 | -7.6 | -9.2 | -5.4 | -17.5 | -7.6 | 14.6 | -13.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| International reserves of CNB, end of period (mil. EUR) | 6 436 | 7 438 | 8 725 | 9 307 | 9 121 | 10 376 | 8 870 | 9 090 | 9 318 | 10 376 | 9 292 | 9 318 | 9 541 | 10 145 | 10 376 | 10 394 | 10 082 |
| Total outstanding external debt, end of period (mil. EUR) | 22 933 | 25 748 | 29 274 | 32 929 | 40 316 | 44 583 | 40 308 | 41 823 | 42 852 | 44 583 | 42 361 | 42 852 | 42 792 | 43 586 | 44 583 | 44 034 | 43 997 |
| Internal debt of Consolidated Central Government, eop. (mil. HRK) | 35 789 | 47 243 | 52 290 | 54 655 | 62 126 | 72 261 | 70 994 | 70 698 | 73 171 | 72 261 | 72 130 | 73 171 | 73 116 | 71 160 | 72 261 | 72 312 | 73 713 |
| Commercial bank's loans, growth rate as % | 13.1 | 20.3 | 22.7 | 13.3 | 14.4 | 2.3 | 15.9 | 10.4 | 7.7 | 2.3 | 9.2 | 7.7 | 4.6 | 5.5 | 2.3 | 1.2 | -0.8 |
| Interest rates on treasury bills of 91 days maturity, end of period, $\%$ | 3.80 | 3.70 | 3.00 | 3.60 | 6.00 | 4.70 | 7.60 | 7.60 | - | 4.70 | - | - | 7.50 | 6.25 | 4.70 | - | 2.48 |
| ZIBOR (3 m), average, % | 7.35 | 6.19 | 4.46 | 5.63 | 7.20 | 8.96 | 10.23 | 9.85 | 9.62 | 6.22 | 9.71 | 9.61 | 8.65 | 5.81 | 4.20 | 2.99 | 1.76 |

4

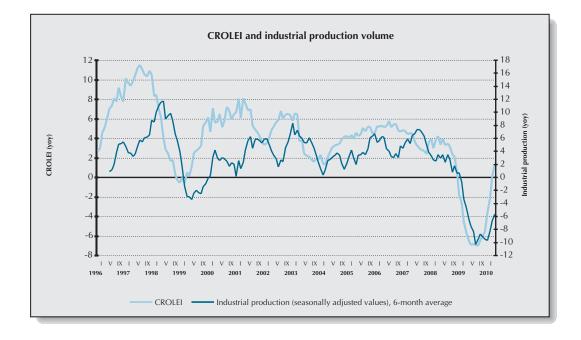
Source: Central Bureau of Statistics, Croatian National Bank, Ministry of Finance

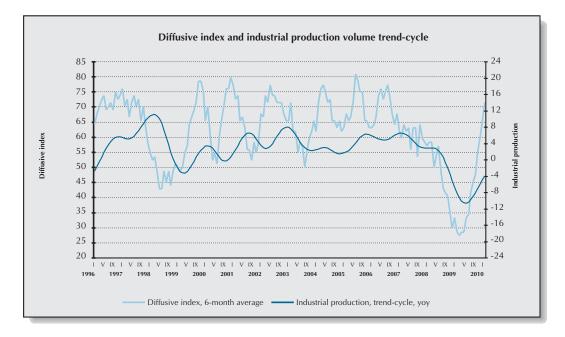
MACROECONOMIC TRENDS

CROLEI - THE LEADING INDICATOR OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

In February 2010 the CROLEI index recorded a positive year-on-year growth rate of 1.4 percent which is the highest year-on-year growth since September 2009. CROLEI index has recorded a mild increase on the monthly level for seventh consecutive month. In February that increase was 1.1 index points. Month-on-month and year-on-year growth of the index indicates recovery of the economic activity in the middle of 2010.

The diffusive index, a supplementary measure representing the share of components that have contributed to the change in CROLEI in total number of components, in February recorded a value of high 93 percent, while the average value of the diffusive index amounted to 71 percent in the September 2009 - February 2010 period. That is the highest value recorded since September 2006. Diffusive index, just like CROLEI index, suggests recovery of real economic activity and intensifying of activity in many economic sectors in the middle of 2010.





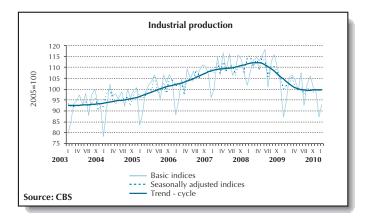
Industrial production recorded annual decrease of 1.4 percent in February 2010, while in the first two months of 2010 industrial production decreased by 0.8 percent on year on year basis. Working-day adjusted index of industrial production indicate year on year increase of 0.2 percent in February and an increase of 0.8 percent in the first two months. The trend-index of the industrial production was 0.6 percent higher in February compared to January 2010.

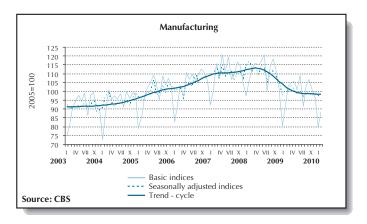
When observed by main industrial groupings, year on year growth of industrial production in the first two months of 2010 was recorded at consumer durables (27.4 percent) and consumer non-durables (5.7%). The production of intermediate goods decreased by 9.6%, capital goods by 3.5% and energy 0.3% on year on year basis.

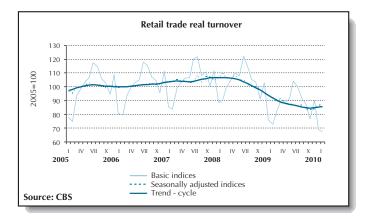
Observed by activities, mining and guarrying decreased by 7.4 percent in the first two months of 2010, while the electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply recorded the growth of 3.7 percent on year on year basis. Manufacturing, the activity which has the highest share in total industrial production (82.82 percent), decreased by 1.5 percent on year on year basis in the first two months of 2010. The highest contribution to the manufacturing decrease in first two months of 2010 came from the manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products which decreased by 28.2 percent, manufacture of electrical equipment (-29.3 percent) and manufacture of fabricated metal products, except machinery and equipment (-15.1 percent) while the highest positive contribution to increase of industrial production came from repair and installation of machinery and equipment (an increase of 21.6%), manufacture of tobacco products (52.0 percent) and manufacture of basic pharmaceutical products and pharmaceutical preparations (55.9%).

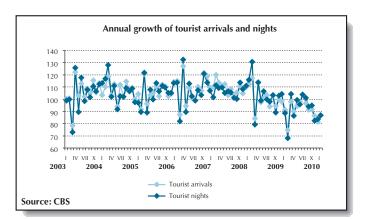
Retail trade turnover recorded the nominal annual decrease of 6.9 percent in February 2010, while the real turnover went down by 7.3 percent. Concerning the developments of indicators potentially in»uencing retail trade, the number of employed persons reduced by 91.9 thousands at annual level in February, loans to households (excluding housing loans) went down by 6.2 percent and the number of tourist nights decreased by 13.1 percent. In the first two months of 2010 the retail trade turnover recorded the nominal annual decrease of 7.8 percent and a real decrease of 8.3 percent. Observed by branches, the most significant contribution to the nominal retail trade turnover annual decline in the first two months came from motor vehicles (year on year decrease of 32.2 percent) and other non-specialised stores (-23.4 percent).

Total number of tourist arrivals decreased by 13.0 percent at annual level in February 2010, while the total number of tourist nights went down by 13.1 percent. Domestic tourists' arrivals fell by 18.6 percent and foreign tourists' arrivals decreased by 5.6 percent in February. The number of domestic tourists' nights decreased by 17.4 percent and the number of foreign tourists' nights decreased by 7.7 percent In February. In the first two months of 2010 the total number of tourist arrivals was 15.7 percent lower at year on year basis, while the total number of tourist nights decreased by 14.8 percent. The foreign tourists' arrivals went down by 14.7 percent in the first two months of 2010 and the domestic tourists' arrivals by 16.4 percent, while the number of foreign tourists' nights decreased by 13.6 percent in the same period.









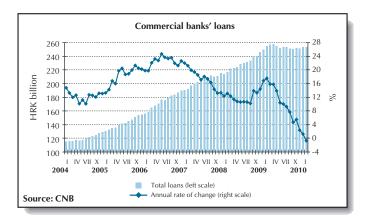
Money (M1) increased by HRK 617.0 million in February 2010 in comparison with January 2010, amounting to HRK 48.7 billion at the end of the month. This increase was the result of an increase in demand deposits by HRK 593.1 million, while the currency outside banks decreased by HRK 23.9 million. At annual level, the growth of money accelerated to 4.1 percent in February.

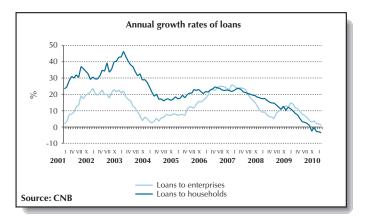
Total loans of commercial banks amounted to HRK 253.8 billion at the end of February 2010, decreasing by HRK 5.8 million compared to January 2010. The annual decline of total loans stood at 0.8 percent in February, which is 2.0 percentage points less compared to growth recorded in January. Kuna loans went down by HRK 672.8 million and foreign currency loans went up by HRK 667.0 million in February. Loans to households decreased by HRK 704.2 million in February compared to January, while the loans to enterprises rose by HRK 246.1 million. The annual decline of loans to households amounted to 3.5 percent in February, while the annual growth of loans to enterprises stood at 1.1 percent. Housing loans, which make 43.4 percent of total loans to households, recorded an annual growth rate of 0.2 percent in February. Loans to central government increased by 4.0 percent in February 2010 compared to the same month of the previous year.

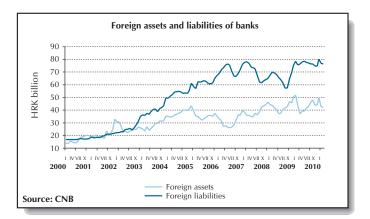
Total deposits with commercial banks stood at the level of HRK 173.3 billion at the end of February, decreasing by HRK 664.9 million in comparison with January. At annual level, total deposits recorded a growth rate of 0.3 percent. Foreign currency deposits increased by HRK 610.9 million while kuna deposits went down by HRK 1.3 billion in February at monthly level. The highest contribution to the decrease in kuna deposits came from the deposits of enterprises, which decreased by HRK 746.9 million. The increase in foreign currency deposits was primarily the result of the rise in deposits of non-banking financial institutions (by HRK 564.8 million). The annual growth of foreign currency deposits amounted to 11.1 percent in February, while kuna deposits went down by 26.6 percent at annual level.

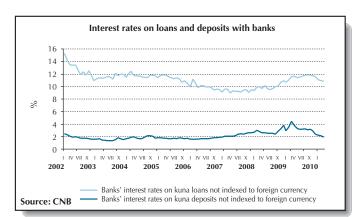
Foreign assets of commercial banks amounted to HRK 42.4 billion at the end of February, decreasing by HRK 439.7 million at monthly level. Observing the annual change, foreign assets recorded a decrease of HRK 1.1 billion or 2.6 percent in February. The foreign liabilities of commercial banks stood at the level of HRK 76.4 billion at the end of February, decreasing by HRK 575.8 million compared to January. At annual level, foreign liabilities recorded an increase of HRK 645.5 million or 0.9 percent. Net foreign assets stood at the level of HRK -34.0 billion at the end of February.

The average bank interest rates on kuna credits not indexed to foreign currency decreased from 10.97 percent in January to 10.86 percent in February 2010. At the same time, the average bank interest rates on kuna deposits not indexed to foreign currency went down from 2.17 percent to 1.91 percent. Thereby, the difference between the active and the passive interest rates not indexed to foreign currency amounted to 8.95 percentage points in February.









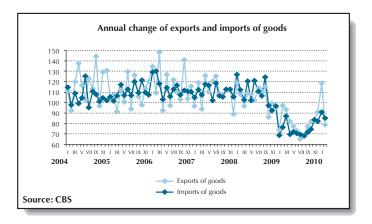
INTERNATIONAL SECTOR

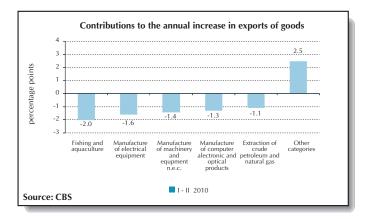
Total merchandise exports expressed in HRK decreased by 20.8 percent, while merchandise imports went down by 15.0 percent on year on year basis in February 2010. In the first two months of 2010 the annual decrease in exports of goods amounted to 5.0 percent and the decrease in imports was 12.1 percent. If the category of other transport equipment is excluded from the foreign trade, exports went down by 7.9 percent and imports by 12.6 percent in the first two months. The coverage of merchandise imports by merchandise exports was at the level of 59.4 percent in the first two months of 2010, increasing by 4.5 percentage points compared to the same period of 2009.

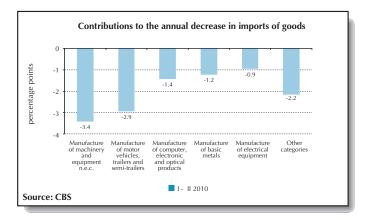
The highest contribution to the decrease in merchandise exports in the first two months of 2010 came from the fishing and aquaculture whose exports recorded the annual decline of 61.0 percent, manufacture of electrical equipment (-19.1 percent), manufacture of machinery and equipment (-23.1 percent), manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products (-32.5 percent) and extraction of crude petroleum and natural gas (-29.5 percent). Categories which contributed the most to the decline of merchandise imports in the first two months were the manufacture of machinery and equipment (year on year decrease of 35.4 percent), manufacture of motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers (-40.3 percent), manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products (-19.4 percent), manufacture of basic metals (-17.6 percent) and manufacture of electrical equipment (-20.1 percent).

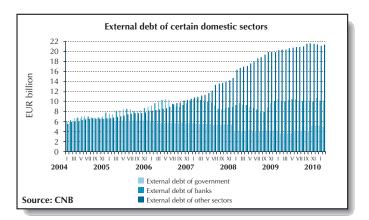
Observing the structure of Croatian merchandise exports by countries, the largest share in the first two months of 2010 had exports to Italy (22.7 percent of total exports), followed by exports to Germany (9.7 percent), Bosnia and Herzegovina (9.5 percent), Slovenia (6.9 percent) and Austria (5.1 percent). Compared to the first two months of 2009, the exports to Italy increased by 3.3 percent, while exports to Germany decreased by 35.0 percent, Bosnia and Herzegovina (-14.8 percent), Austria (-12.9 percent) and Slovenia (-6.2 percent). Observing the foreign trade expressed in USD, exports recorded an annual increase of 3.9 percent, while imports decreased by 4.2 percent in the first two months of 2010.

Total external debt amounted to EUR 44.0 billion at the end of February 2010, decreasing by EUR 37 million compared to January 2010. The annual growth of the external debt amounted to 9.1 percent in February 2010, accelerating by 1.7 percentage points compared to January. During the first two months of 2010 external debt decreased by EUR 586 million. Decrease of external debt in first two months was recorded at external debt of banks in the amount of EUR 500 million and at external debt of government in the amount by EUR 234 million. The external debt of enterprises connected through ownership by foreign direct investments increased by EUR 141 million in first two months and external debt of other sectors increased by EUR 8 million. Observing the external debt structure, the share of government debt in total external debt went up from 9.1 percent in February 2009 to 11.2 percent in February 2010, the external debt of banks decreased from 24.8 percent to 23.1 percent, while the external debt of other sectors decreased from 50.5 percent in February 2009 to 48.6 percent of total external debt in February 2010.









CONSOLIDATED CENTRAL GOVERNMENT IN THE JANUARY - FEBRUARY 2010 PERIOD

REVENUES

Total revenues of the Consolidated Central Government amounted to HRK 16.6 billion in first two months of 2010. Observing the Consolidated Central Government according to government level, it can be seen that 96.9 percent of total revenues refer to the Budgetary Central Government, and 3.1 percent to Extrabudgetary Users. Among Extrabudgetary Users, the highest level of revenues was recorded by the Croatian Waters (HRK 206.3 million) and the Environment Protection Fund (HRK 163.1 million).

Within the structure of total revenues the most important category, with the share of 54.8 percent, relates to tax revenues, collected in the amount of HRK 9.1 billion. Thereat the largest amount is generated through value added tax, in the amount of HRK 5.0 billion. Revenues from excises amounted to HRK 1.6 billion, whereat the highest share was recorded by excises on oil derivates in the amount of HRK 1.1 billion. Income tax revenues were realized in the amount of HRK 333.3 million, and revenues from profit tax in the amount of HRK 1.2 billion. Within the structure of other tax revenues we should also mention revenues from the special tax on salaries, pensions and other receivables which amounted to HRK 410.7 million in first two months of 2010.

Social contributions are the second most important revenue category with the share of 37.2 percent in total generated revenues. They amounted to HRK 6.2 billion.

EXPENSE

Total expense of the Consolidated Central Government amounted to HRK 19.6 billion in the January - February 2010 period. According to government level, HRK 19.2 billion refer to the Budgetary Central Government and HRK 394.1 million to Extrabudgetary Users.

The largest share of total expense refers to social benefits, which were realized in the amount of HRK 9.1 billion. Social benefits are mostly related to expenses for pensions, expenses for the healthcare system, social welfare, maternity leave allowances, child allowance and expenses for unemployment. Expenses for pensions amounted to HRK 5.8 billion, expenses for the healthcare system to HRK 1.8 billion, social welfare to HRK 337.8 million, maternity leave allowances to HRK 363.5 million, child allowance to HRK 287.8 million and unemployment benefits to HRK 285.4 million.

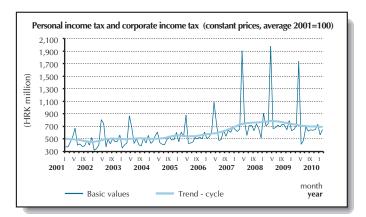
Compensation of employees amounted to HRK 5.2 billion, out of which wages and salaries amounted to HRK 4.4 billion and social contributions to HRK 799.1 million.

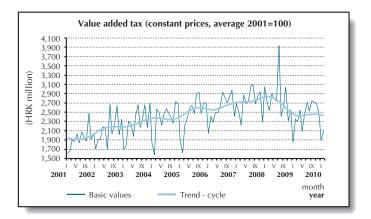
Expense for use of goods and services contributed to realization of total expenses in the amount of HRK 1.4 billion, expense for interest payments, subsidies and other expenses each in the amount of HRK 1.0 billion and grants in the amount of HRK 933.2 million.

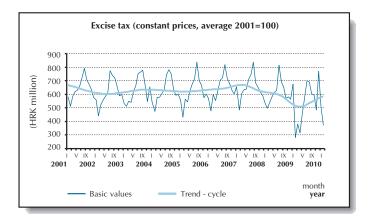
TRANSACTION IN NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

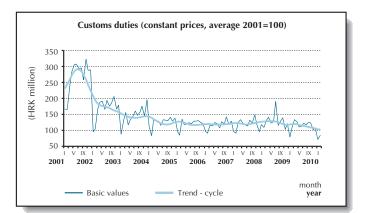
Net acquisition of non-financial assets of the Consolidated Central Government amounted to HRK 331.4 million with the acquisition of non-financial assets (HRK 379.3 million) surpassing the disposal of non-financial assets (HRK 48.0 million).

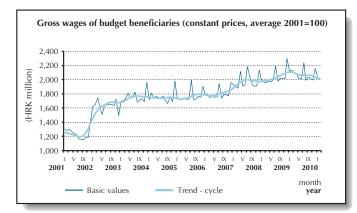
The acquisition of non-financial assets refers mostly (90.1 percent) to acquisition of fixed assets, mainly buildings and structures and machinery and equipment. On the other hand, the disposal of non-financial assets refers to disposals of buildings and structures within fixed assets (81.1 percent).

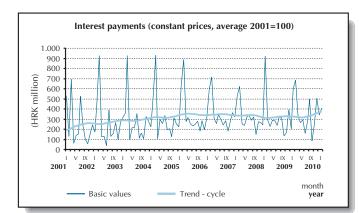












TRANSACTIONS IN FINANCIAL ASSETS

Net acquisition of financial assets of the Consolidated Central Government amounted to HRK -4.2 billion entirely as a result of domestic financial assets. Currency and deposits amounted to HRK -3.9 billion. Net loans amounted to HRK -438.2 million and net domestic shares and other equity to HRK 87.1 million.

TRANSACTIONS IN LIABILITIES

Total net incurrence of liabilities of the Consolidated Central Government amounted to HRK -841.5 million. Within net liabilities, net domestic liabilities amounted to HRK 1.6 billion as a result of transactions in net incurrence of liabilities on the basis of securities other than shares (in the amount of HRK 1.4 billion) and in net incurrence of liabilities on the basis of loans (in the amount of HRK 145.1 million).

On the other hand, net foreign liabilities amounted to HRK -2.4 billion, also as the result of transactions in net incurrence of liabilities on the basis of securities other than shares (in the amount of HRK -3.7 billion) and net incurrence of liabilities on the basis of loans (in the amount of HRK 1.2 billion).

NET LENDING/BORROWING

Net operating balance of the Consolidated Central Government, defined as the difference between the total revenue and the total expense, in the January - February 2010 period was realized in the amount of HRK -3.1 billion. By subtracting net acquisition of non-financial assets from net operating balance, a category of net lending/borrowing is obtained in the amount of HRK -3.4 billion.

TABLE 2: BUDGETARY CENTRAL GOVERNMENT REVENUE

| | (000 HRK) | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | l - III 2009 | IV - VI 2009 | VII - IX 2009 | X - XII 2009 | Plan 2010 | l - II 2010 | II 2010 | l - II 2010 Plan 2010 |
|-------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|----------------|------------|--------------------------|
| 1 | REVENUE (11+12+13+14) | 108 320 595 | 115 772 655 | 110 257 947 | 26 020 898 | 26 598 410 | 28 376 211 | 29 262 428 | 112 578 913 | 16 075 187 | 8 348 252 | 14.28 |
| 11 | Taxes (111+113+114+115+116) | 64 234 530 | 69 572 699 | 63 678 926 | 13 547 073 | 15 389 517 | 16 979 849 | 17 762 487 | 65 822 571 | 9 090 043 | 4 784 277 | 13.81 |
| 111 | Taxes of income and profits and capital gains (1111+1112) | 10 589 083 | 12 252 205 | 10 839 269 | 2 502 224 | 3 330 303 | 2 468 658 | 2 538 084 | 9 809 838 | 1 537 114 | 823 837 | 15.67 |
| 1111 | Payable by individuals | 1 772 708 | 1 687 502 | 1 399 411 | 540 065 | 21 621 | 352 595 | 485 131 | 1 538 209 | 333 383 | 167 343 | 21.67 |
| 1112 | Payable by corporations and other enterprises | 8 816 375 | 10 564 703 | 9 439 858 | 1 962 159 | 3 308 682 | 2 116 064 | 2 052 953 | 8 271 629 | 1 203 731 | 656 495 | 14.55 |
| 113 | Taxes on property | 578 621 | 635 930 | 532 297 | 125 995 | 151 752 | 122 905 | 131 646 | 561 432 | 59 217 | 29 670 | 10.55 |
| 114 | Taxes on goods and services (1141++1146) | 51 099 930 | 54 482 172 | 49 238 277 | 10 447 707 | 11 388 782 | 13 453 615 | 13 948 173 | 51 117 551 | 6 841 740 | 3 594 918 | 13.38 |
| 1141 | General taxes on goods and services (11411+11412) | 37 916 509 | 41 474 566 | 37 173 833 | 8 152 064 | 9 022 873 | 10 073 877 | 9 925 020 | 38 955 190 | 5 054 288 | 2 668 113 | 12.97 |
| 11411 | Value-added taxes | 37 747 987 | 41 308 036 | 37 050 354 | 8 121 721 | 8 990 869 | 10 043 332 | 9 894 432 | 38 822 095 | 5 036 861 | 2 659 329 | 12.97 |
| 11412 | Sales taxes | 168 522 | 166 531 | 123 479 | 30 342 | 32 004 | 30 545 | 30 588 | 133 095 | 17 427 | 8 784 | 13.09 |
| 1142 | Excises (11421+11422+11423+11424+11425+11426+11427+11428) | 12 168 666 | 11 875 126 | 10 998 910 | 2 053 881 | 2 093 488 | 3 140 246 | 3 711 295 | 10 981 557 | 1 621 047 | 838 428 | 14.76 |
| 11421 | - on cars. other motor vehicles. boats and planes | 1 433 427 | 1 452 827 | 696 791 | 199 950 | 192 390 | 155 344 | 149 107 | 710 698 | 78 105 | 42 900 | 10.99 |
| 11422 | - on petroleum products | 6 484 816 | 6 065 140 | 6 045 624 | 1 048 129 | 1 034 135 | 1 555 331 | 2 408 029 | 6 077 705 | 1 054 491 | 668 400 | 17.35 |
| 11423 | - on alcohol | 231 342 | 218 786 | 189 895 | 32 400 | 25 557 | 72 748 | 59 190 | 169 700 | 41 765 | 16 048 | 24.61 |
| 11424 | - on beer | 743 000 | 717 401 | 680 567 | 102 691 | 165 170 | 261 395 | 151 312 | 685 243 | 72 150 | 25 883 | 10.53 |
| 11425 | - on nonalcoholic beverages | 142 462 | 139 160 | 125 817 | 20 059 | 33 266 | 44 114 | 28 378 | 129 199 | 16 755 | 7 734 | 12.97 |
| 11426 | - on tobacco products | 2 943 649 | 3 084 293 | 3 073 671 | 604 161 | 597 392 | 1 004 747 | 867 371 | 3 016 516 | 332 980 | 65 329 | 11.04 |
| 11427 | - on coffee | 161 936 | 166 979 | 156 910 | 35 906 | 39 670 | 39 855 | 41 479 | 160 952 | 20 714 | 11 050 | 12.87 |
| 11428 | - on luxury goods | 28 033 | 30 540 | 29 635 | 10 585 | 5 908 | 6 713 | 6 4 3 0 | 31 544 | 4 087 | 1 083 | 12.96 |
| 115 | Taxes on international trade and transactions | 1 641 478 | 1 900 865 | 1 721 164 | 401 159 | 443 664 | 457 696 | 418 645 | 1 750 037 | 196 826 | 106 217 | 11.25 |
| 116 | Other taxes | 325 418 | 301 527 | 1 347 920 | 69 988 | 75 017 | 476 974 | 725 940 | 2 583 714 | 455 146 | 229 635 | 17.62 |
| 12 | Social contributions | 37 203 486 | 40 703 484 | 39 994 739 | 9 913 476 | 9 989 663 | 10 109 025 | 9 982 575 | 40 328 591 | 6 167 222 | 3 101 746 | 15.29 |
| 121 | Social security contributions (1211+1212+1213+1214) | 37 203 486 | 40 703 484 | 39 994 739 | 9 913 476 | 9 989 663 | 10 109 025 | 9 982 575 | 40 328 591 | 6 167 222 | 3 101 746 | 15.29 |
| 1211 | Employee contributions | 16 531 305 | 18 100 364 | 17 925 299 | 4 442 279 | 4 469 130 | 4 565 854 | 4 448 036 | 17 731 528 | 2 782 167 | 1 403 695 | 15.69 |
| 1212 | Employer contributions | 19 845 488 | 21 758 077 | 21 373 979 | 5 308 773 | 5 347 471 | 5 370 934 | 5 346 801 | 21 750 983 | 3 288 100 | 1 646 983 | 15.12 |
| 1213 | Self-employed or unemployed contributions | 826 692 | 845 043 | 695 462 | 162 425 | 173 062 | 172 237 | 187 738 | 846 080 | 96 955 | 51 068 | 11.46 |
| 1214 | Unallocable contributions | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 13 | Grants | 428 038 | 468 634 | 616 307 | 187 519 | 137 449 | 103 202 | 188 138 | 1 256 610 | 47 212 | 18 846 | 3.76 |
| 14 | Other revenue (141+142+143+144+145) | 6 454 541 | 5 027 838 | 5 967 975 | 2 372 830 | 1 081 781 | 1 184 136 | 1 329 229 | 5 171 141 | 770 710 | 443 383 | 14.90 |
| 141 | Property income (1411+1412+1413+1415) | 3 526 540 | 1 612 229 | 2 367 214 | 1 630 688 | 268 132 | 247 890 | 220 505 | 1 477 174 | 185 003 | 110 871 | 12.52 |
| 1411 | Interest | 164 558 | 147 911 | 123 488 | 76 110 | 13 223 | 18 493 | 15 663 | 150 302 | 67 623 | 63 704 | 44.99 |
| 1412 | Dividends | 1 194 582 | 212 387 | 106 625 | 38 222 | 51 678 | 12 607 | 4 118 | 10 000 | 132 | 0 | 1.32 |
| 1413 | Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations | 117 730 | 504 074 | 1 342 502 | 1 342 522 | 10 | 0 | -30 | 500 000 | 498 | 498 | 0.10 |
| 1415 | Rent | 2 049 670 | 747 856 | 794 600 | 173 834 | 203 221 | 216 790 | 200 754 | 816 872 | 116 751 | 46 669 | 14.29 |
| 142 | Sales of goods and services (1422+1423) | 1 526 646 | 1 450 683 | 1 682 037 | 231 949 | 292 980 | 326 514 | 830 594 | 1 104 060 | 178 070 | 99 942 | 16.13 |
| 1421 | Sales of market establishments | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 1422 | Administrative fees | 1 318 050 | 1 274 882 | 981 712 | 176 969 | 233 974 | 268 305 | 302 464 | 878 964 | 148 840 | 83 438 | 16.93 |
| 1423 | Incidental sales by nonmarket establishments | 208 596 | 175 800 | 700 325 | 54 980 | 59 006 | 58 209 | 528 131 | 225 096 | 29 229 | 16 504 | 12.99 |
| 143 | Fines. penalties. and forfeits | 429 034 | 490 600 | 515 461 | 113 477 | 124 211 | 146 747 | 131 027 | 514 763 | 68 561 | 33 765 | 13.32 |
| 144 | Voluntary transfers other than grants | 11 241 | 9 384 | 15 865 | 455 | 4 143 | 5 015 | 6 251 | 16 642 | 3 317 | 2 230 | 19.93 |
| 145 | Miscellaneous and unidentified revenue | 961 080 | 1 464 942 | 1 387 397 | 396 260 | 392 315 | 457 971 | 140 851 | 2 058 502 | 335 759 | 196 576 | 16.31 |

\vec{n} TABLE 3: BUDGETARY CENTRAL GOVERNMENT EXPENSE

| | (000 HRK) | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | I - III 2009 | IV - VI 2009 | VII - IX 2009 | X - XII 2009 | Plan 2010 | l - II 2010 | II – 2010 – | I - II 2010 Plan 2010 |
|------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| 2 | EXPENSE (21+22+24+25+26+27+28) | 108 007 605 | 115 292 426 | 117 923 992 | 28 841 237 | 29 486 337 | 29 442 847 | 30 153 571 | 119 079 551 | 19 474 449 | 9 964 292 | 16.35 |
| 21 | Compensation of employees (211+212) | 27 545 141 | 29 948 535 | 31 289 325 | 7 941 928 | 7 738 581 | 7 863 364 | 7 745 453 | 31 434 408 | 5 104 187 | 2 552 200 | 16.24 |
| 211 | Wages and salaries | 23 237 088 | 25 453 436 | 26 555 399 | 6 716 732 | 6 547 078 | 6 691 910 | 6 599 679 | 26 679 142 | 4 311 534 | 2 156 845 | 16.16 |
| 212 | Social contributions | 4 308 053 | 4 495 099 | 4 733 926 | 1 225 195 | 1 191 502 | 1 171 454 | 1 145 774 | 4 755 266 | 792 653 | 395 355 | 16.67 |
| 22 | Use of goods and services | 7 162 402 | 8 113 694 | 7 363 814 | 1 856 917 | 1 898 703 | 1 768 065 | 1 840 130 | 8 130 890 | 1 210 217 | 666 968 | 14.88 |
| 24 | Interest (241+242+243) | 4 535 008 | 4 683 219 | 5 225 174 | 1 866 958 | 1 120 606 | 1 181 558 | 1 056 052 | 5 771 252 | 947 687 | 517 290 | 16.42 |
| 241 | To nonresidents | 1 672 563 | 1 542 146 | 1 391 408 | 900 867 | 398 504 | 3 223 | 88 814 | 1 789 576 | 401 555 | 180 572 | 22.44 |
| 242 | To residents other than general government | 2 862 444 | 3 141 074 | 3 833 767 | 966 092 | 722 102 | 1 178 335 | 967 238 | 3 981 676 | 546 132 | 336 718 | 13.72 |
| 25 | Subsidies (251+252) | 6 492 010 | 6 859 512 | 6 710 033 | 1 542 906 | 2 112 830 | 1 574 042 | 1 480 256 | 5 935 107 | 998 659 | 585 024 | 16.83 |
| 251 | To public corporations | 3 007 099 | 3 199 114 | 3 134 258 | 726 888 | 980 757 | 698 679 | 727 934 | 2 774 180 | 471 716 | 284 196 | 17.00 |
| 252 | To private enterprises | 3 484 912 | 3 660 398 | 3 575 775 | 816 018 | 1 132 073 | 875 363 | 752 322 | 3 160 927 | 526 944 | 300 828 | 16.67 |
| 26 | Grants (261+262+263) | 8 363 202 | 5 783 063 | 5 559 586 | 1 002 181 | 1 377 428 | 1 573 769 | 1 606 208 | 5 418 374 | 1 124 821 | 541 509 | 20.76 |
| 261 | To foreign governments (2611+2612) | 103 410 | 89 446 | 78 184 | 12 584 | 25 235 | 20 228 | 20 1 37 | 56 890 | 19 370 | 9 824 | 34.05 |
| 2611 | Current | 75 261 | 60 246 | 68 150 | 10 981 | 19 903 | 18 086 | 19 181 | 48 100 | 18 158 | 9 824 | 37.75 |
| 2612 | Capital | 28 149 | 29 200 | 10 034 | 1 603 | 5 332 | 2 143 | 957 | 8 790 | 1 212 | 0 | 13.79 |
| 262 | To international organizations (2621+2622) | 73 941 | 96 503 | 134 031 | 51 940 | 23 943 | 36 859 | 21 290 | 164 722 | 28 167 | 23 398 | 17.10 |
| 2621 | Current | 73 941 | 96 503 | 133 061 | 51 940 | 23 943 | 35 889 | 21 290 | 163 722 | 28 167 | 23 398 | 17.20 |
| 2622 | Capital | 0 | 0 | 970 | 0 | 0 | 970 | 0 | 1 000 | 0 | 0 | |
| 263 | To other general government units (2631+2632) | 8 185 852 | 5 597 115 | 5 347 372 | 937 658 | 1 328 250 | 1 516 683 | 1 564 781 | 5 196 762 | 1 077 284 | 508 286 | 20.73 |
| 2631 | Current | 2 305 125 | 2 291 490 | 2 598 678 | 559 677 | 799 494 | 713 492 | 526 016 | 2 644 479 | 598 003 | 204 401 | 22.61 |
| 2632 | Capital | 5 880 726 | 3 305 625 | 2 748 694 | 377 981 | 528 756 | 803 191 | 1 038 766 | 2 552 283 | 479 282 | 303 885 | 18.78 |
| 27 | Social benefits (271+272+273) | 48 175 989 | 52 593 214 | 56 148 498 | 13 520 210 | 13 872 713 | 14 044 230 | 14 711 344 | 56 521 467 | 9 083 838 | 4 610 555 | 16.07 |
| 271 | Social security benefits | 34 167 894 | 37 600 722 | 40 605 352 | 9 788 764 | 10 013 456 | 10 087 788 | 10 715 344 | 42 437 239 | 6 815 558 | 3 463 677 | 16.06 |
| 272 | Social assistance benefits | 13 815 777 | 14 745 264 | 15 258 436 | 3 671 649 | 3 801 973 | 3 830 656 | 3 954 158 | 13 880 352 | 2 225 348 | 1 126 577 | 16.03 |
| 273 | Employer social benefits | 192 318 | 247 228 | 284 709 | 59 796 | 57 284 | 125 786 | 41 843 | 203 877 | 42 932 | 20 302 | 21.06 |
| 28 | Other expense (281+282) | 5 733 853 | 7 311 189 | 5 627 561 | 1 110 137 | 1 365 478 | 1 437 819 | 1 714 128 | 5 868 052 | 1 005 039 | 490 747 | 17.13 |
| 281 | Property expense other than interest | 1 132 | 16 015 | 7 730 | 3 005 | 1 102 | 3 562 | 60 | 17 390 | 294 | 294 | 1.69 |
| 282 | Miscellaneous other expense (2821+2822) | 5 732 721 | 7 295 174 | 5 619 832 | 1 107 132 | 1 364 375 | 1 434 257 | 1 714 067 | 5 850 663 | 1 004 745 | 490 453 | 17.17 |
| 2821 | Current | 2 837 557 | 2 626 644 | 2 174 864 | 622 489 | 593 326 | 470 577 | 488 472 | 2 162 949 | 229 519 | 118 602 | 10.61 |
| 2822 | Capital | 2 895 164 | 4 668 530 | 3 444 968 | 484 643 | 771 049 | 963 680 | 1 225 596 | 3 687 714 | 775 226 | 371 851 | 21.02 |

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TABLE 4: TRANSACTIONS IN NONFINANCIAL ASSETS OF BUDGETARY CENTRAL GOVERNMENT

| | (000 HRK) | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | l - III 2009 | IV - VI 2009 | VII - IX 2009 | X - XII 2009 | Plan 2010 | l - II 2010 | II | I - II 2010 Plan 2010 |
|--------------|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|----------------|---------|--------------------------|
| 31 | NET ACQUISITION OF NONFINANCIAL ASSETS (311+312+313+314) | 2 545 220 | 2 988 129 | 1 963 401 | 403 675 | 371 131 | 552 211 | 636 384 | 2 111 846 | 211 977 | 123 018 | 10.04 |
| 31,1 | Acquisition of nonfinancial assets (311,1+312,1+313,1+314,1) | 3 043 906 | 3 291 549 | 2 267 406 | 475 073 | 442 817 | 635 010 | 714 506 | 2 362 256 | 259 464 | 150 138 | 10.98 |
| 31,2 | Disposal of nonfinancial assets (311,2+312,2+313,2+314,2) | 498 685 | 303 419 | 304 005 | 71 398 | 71 686 | 82 799 | 78 122 | 250 410 | 47 487 | 27 120 | 18.96 |
| 311 | Fixed assets (3111+3112+3113) | 2 625 692 | 2 719 479 | 1 839 720 | 376 382 | 346 821 | 488 137 | 628 380 | 2 012 023 | 200 792 | 112 803 | 9.98 |
| 311,1 | Acquisitions: fixed assets (3111,1+3112,1+3113,1) | 2 906 863 | 2 973 830 | 2 097 601 | 441 320 | 406 579 | 551 795 | 697 908 | 2 240 923 | 239 546 | 132 079 | 10.69 |
| 311,2 | Disposals: fixed assets (3111,2+3112,2+3113,2) | 281 171 | 254 352 | 257 881 | 64 938 | 59 758 | 63 658 | 69 528 | 228 900 | 38 754 | 19 276 | 16.93 |
| 3111 | Buildings and structures (3111,1-3111,2) | 1 154 132 | 1 109 578 | 824 283 | 114 607 | 180 284 | 213 506 | 315 885 | 1 029 086 | 61 923 | 51 131 | 6.02 |
| 3111,1 | Acquisitions: buildings and structures | 1 423 340 | 1 357 524 | 1 076 215 | 177 952 | 239 083 | 275 614 | 383 565 | 1 249 086 | 100 343 | 70 392 | 8.03 |
| 3111,2 | Disposals: buildings and structures | 269 208 | 247 947 | 251 932 | 63 345 | 58 798 | 62 108 | 67 681 | 220 000 | 38 420 | 19 262 | 17.46 |
| 3112 | Machinery and equipment (3112,1-3112,2) | 1 338 275 | 1 505 694 | 931 108 | 252 945 | 153 938 | 250 649 | 273 575 | 827 850 | 130 102 | 54 844 | 15.72 |
| 3112,1 | Acquisitions: machinery and equipment | 1 350 238 | 1 512 098 | 937 057 | 254 538 | 154 898 | 252 199 | 275 422 | 836 750 | 130 436 | 54 858 | 15.59 |
| 3112.2 | Disposals: machinery and equipment | 11 963 | 6 404 | 5 949 | 1 593 | 960 | 1 550 | 1 847 | 8 900 | 334 | 14 | 3.75 |
| 3113 | Other fixed assets (3113,1-3113,2) | 133 285 | 104 208 | 84 330 | 8 829 | 12 599 | 23 982 | 38 920 | 155 087 | 8 766 | 6 829 | 5.65 |
| 3113,1 | Acquisitions: other fixed assets | 133 285 | 104 209 | 84 330 | 8 829 | 12 599 | 23 982 | 38 920 | 155 087 | 8 766 | 6 829 | 5.65 |
| 3113,2 | Disposals: other fixed assets | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 312 | Inventories | -161 383 | 79 444 | 35 412 | 1 347 | 3 463 | 30 696 | -94 | 10 990 | -18 | -1 | |
| 312,1 | Acquisitions: inventories | 36 574 | 86 829 | 43 144 | 1 417 | 10 475 | 31 252 | 0 | 12 500 | 0 | 0 | |
| 312,2 | Disposals: inventories | 197 957 | 7 385 | 7 732 | 70 | 7 012 | 555 | 94 | 1 510 | 18 | 1 | 1.22 |
| 313 | Valuables (313,1-313,2) | 9 620 | 10 126 | 8 929 | 1 408 | 4 372 | 1 244 | 1 906 | 3 437 | 818 | 813 | 23.81 |
| 313,1 | Acquisitions: valuables | 9 620 | 10 126 | 8 929 | 1 408 | 4 372 | 1 244 | 1 906 | 3 437 | 818 | 813 | 23.81 |
| 313,2 | Disposals: valuables | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 314 | Nonproduced assets (314,1-314,2-314,3-314,4) | 71 291 | 179 081 | 79 340 | 24 539 | 16 475 | 32 134 | 6 192 | 85 397 | 10 385 | 9 403 | 12.16 |
| 314,1 | Acquisitions: nonproduced assets (3141,1+3142,1+3143,1+3144,1) | 90 848 | 220 764 | 117 733 | 30 929 | 21 391 | 50 7 20 | 14 693 | 105 397 | 19 100 | 17 247 | 18.12 |
| 314,2 | Disposals: nonproduced assets (3141,2+3142,2+3143,2+3144,2) | 19 557 | 41 683 | 38 392 | 6 390 | 4 916 | 18 586 | 8 501 | 20 000 | 8 715 | 7 844 | 43.57 |
| 3 141 | Land (3141,1-3141,2) | -19 492 | -41 626 | -38 175 | -6 297 | -4 884 | -18 535 | -8 459 | -17 810 | -8 715 | -7 844 | |
| 3141,1 | Acquisitions: land | 58 | 56 | 125 | 0 | 33 | 51 | 42 | 2 190 | 0 | 0 | |
| 3141,2 | Disposals: land | 19 549 | 41 683 | 38 300 | 6 297 | 4 916 | 18 586 | 8 501 | 20 000 | 8 715 | 7 844 | 43.57 |
| 3142 | Subsoil assets | 0 | 0 | -93 | -93 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 3142,1 | Acquisitions: subsoil assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 3142,2 | Disposals: subsoli assets | 0 | 0 | 93 | 93 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 3143 | Other naturally occurring assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 3144 | Intangible nonproduced assets (3144,1-3144,2) | 90 782 | 220 707 | 117 608 | 30 929 | 21 359 | 50 670 | 14 651 | 103 207 | 19 100 | 17 247 | 18.51 |
| 3144,1 | Acquisitions: intangible nonproduced assets | 90 790 | 220 707 | 117 608 | 30 929 | 21 359 | 50 670 | 14 651 | 103 207 | 19 100 | 17 247 | 18.51 |
| 3144,2 | Disposals: intangible nonproduced assets | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |

Image: TABLE 5: TRANSACTIONS IN FINANCIAL ASSETS OF BUDGETARY CENTRAL GOVERNMENT

| | (000 HRK) | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | I - III 2009 | IV - VI 2009 | VII - IX 2009 | X - XII 2009 | Plan 2010 | I - II 2010 | II 2010 |
|--------|---|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|----------------|------------|
| 32 | NET ACQUISITION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS (321+322+323) | -3 734 781 | 1 702 947 | 6 825 544 | 983 896 | 1 233 312 | 77 290 | 4 531 046 | 1 569 860 | -4 437 560 | -2 416 840 |
| 32,1 | Acquisition of financial assets (321,1+322,1) | 1 081 740 | 1 417 274 | 2 848 304 | 565 465 | 250 606 | 821 653 | 1 210 580 | 1 832 600 | 278 693 | 189 419 |
| 32,2 | Disposals of financial assets (321,2+322,2) | 3 094 930 | 1 154 915 | 150 560 | 50 939 | 29 660 | 31 332 | 38 630 | 262 740 | 620 151 | 608 274 |
| | Currency and deposits (3212+3222) | -1 721 591 | 1 440 588 | 4 127 800 | 469 369 | 1 012 366 | -713 031 | 3 359 096 | 0 | -4 096 101 | -1 997 985 |
| 321 | Domestic (3212+3213+3214+3215+3216+3217+3218) | -3 752 817 | 1 690 502 | 6 823 196 | 983 896 | 1 232 411 | 77 290 | 4 529 599 | 1 569 860 | -4 437 560 | -2 416 840 |
| 321,1 | Acquisition of domestic financial assets (3213,1++3218,1) | 1 063 704 | 1 404 830 | 2 845 956 | 565 465 | 249 705 | 821 653 | 1 209 133 | 1 832 600 | 278 693 | 189 419 |
| 321,2 | Disposals of domestic financial assets (3213,2++3218,2) | 3 094 930 | 1 154 915 | 150 560 | 50 939 | 29 660 | 31 332 | 38 630 | 262 740 | 620 151 | 608 274 |
| 3212 | Currency and deposits | -1 721 591 | 1 440 588 | 4 127 800 | 469 369 | 1 012 366 | -713 031 | 3 359 096 | 0 | -4 096 101 | -1 997 985 |
| 3213 | Securities other than shares (3213,1-3213,2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3213,1 | Acquisition: Securities other than shares | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3213,2 | Disposals: Securities other than shares | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3214 | Loans (3214,1-3214,2) | 674 350 | 384 361 | 2 316 757 | 450 209 | 141 400 | 727 206 | 997 942 | 1 215 806 | -359 190 | -418 865 |
| 3214,1 | Acquisition: Loans | 837 699 | 852 673 | 2 458 939 | 499 948 | 171 036 | 758 060 | 1 029 895 | 1 478 545 | 260 962 | 189 409 |
| 3214,2 | Disposals: Loans | 163 350 | 468 312 | 142 181 | 49 739 | 29 636 | 30 853 | 31 953 | 262 740 | 620 151 | 608 274 |
| 3215 | Shares and other equity (3215,1-3215,2) | -2 705 576 | -134 447 | 378 639 | 64 317 | 78 645 | 63 115 | 172 562 | 354 055 | 17 731 | 10 |
| 3215,1 | Acquisition: Shares and other equity | 226 005 | 552 156 | 387 017 | 65 517 | 78 669 | 63 593 | 179 239 | 354 055 | 17 731 | 10 |
| 3215,2 | Disposals: Shares and other equity | 2 931 581 | 686 603 | 8 378 | 1 200 | 24 | 479 | 6 677 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 322 | Foreign (3222+3223+3224+3225+3226+3227+3228) | 18 036 | 12 445 | 2 348 | 0 | 901 | 0 | 1 447 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 322,1 | Acquisition of foreign financial assets (3223,1++3228,1) | 18 036 | 12 445 | 2 348 | 0 | 901 | 0 | 1 447 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 322,2 | Disposals of foreign financial assets (3223,2++3228,2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3222 | Currency and deposits | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3224 | Loans (3224,1-3224,2) | 0 | 0 | 1 447 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 447 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3224,1 | Acquisition: Loans | 0 | 0 | 1 447 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 447 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3224,2 | Disposals: Loans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3225 | Shares and other equity (3225,1-3225,2) | 18 036 | 12 445 | 901 | 0 | 901 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3225,1 | Acquisition: Shares and other equity | 18 036 | 12 445 | 901 | 0 | 901 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3225,2 | Disposals: Shares and other equity | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 323 | Monetary gold and SDRs | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

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TABLE 6: TRANSACTIONS IN LIABILITIES OF BUDGETARY CENTRAL GOVERNMENT

| | (000 HRK) | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | I - III 2009 | IV - VI 2009 | VII - IX 2009 | X - XII 2009 | Plan 2010 | l - II 2010 | II 2010 |
|--------|--|------------|------------|------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|----------------|------------|
| 33 | NET INCURRENCE OF LIABILITIES (331+332) | -1 502 551 | 4 210 848 | 16 454 990 | 4 207 910 | 4 492 370 | 1 696 137 | 6 058 573 | 10 182 345 | -826 322 | -677 783 |
| 33,1 | Repayments (331,1+332,1) | 8 333 537 | 6 922 174 | 9 700 319 | 4 421 473 | 3 769 477 | 848 419 | 660 949 | 18 345 186 | 4 070 905 | 3 825 190 |
| 33,2 | Incurrences (331,2+332,2) | 6 830 986 | 11 133 022 | 26 155 309 | 8 629 383 | 8 261 847 | 2 544 557 | 6 719 522 | 28 527 532 | 3 244 583 | 3 147 407 |
| | Currency and deposits (3312+3322) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 331 | Domestic (3312+3313+3314+3316+3317+3318) | 1 477 615 | 5 656 636 | 9 576 610 | 8 304 096 | 162 863 | 2 177 080 | -1 067 428 | 487 834 | 1 595 534 | 1 526 838 |
| 331,1 | Domestic repayments (3313,1+3314,1+3315,1+3316,1+3317,1+3318,1) | 4 604 573 | 3 871 657 | 2 704 283 | 192 182 | 2 077 211 | 222 887 | 212 003 | 13 024 666 | 157 338 | 155 173 |
| 331,2 | Domestic incurrences (3313,2+3314,2+3315,2+3316,2+3317,2+3318,2) | 6 082 188 | 9 528 293 | 12 280 893 | 8 496 278 | 2 240 074 | 2 399 967 | -855 425 | 13 512 500 | 1 752 872 | 1 682 011 |
| 3312 | Currency and deposits | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3313 | Securities other than shares (3313,2-3313,1) | 3 520 136 | 1 089 917 | 4 855 440 | 843 360 | 304 831 | 1 666 451 | 2 040 798 | 703 974 | 1 423 848 | 1 737 580 |
| 3313,1 | Repayments: Securities other than shares | 3 513 172 | 2 897 430 | 273 892 | 135 103 | 0 | 138 789 | 0 | 3 296 026 | 142 763 | 142 763 |
| 3313,2 | Incurrences: Securities other than shares | 7 033 308 | 3 987 347 | 5 129 332 | 978 463 | 304 831 | 1 805 240 | 2 040 798 | 4 000 000 | 1 566 611 | 1 880 343 |
| 3314 | Loans (3314,2-3314,1) | -2 042 521 | 4 566 719 | 4 721 170 | 7 460 736 | -141 968 | 510 629 | -3 108 227 | -216 140 | 171 686 | -210 742 |
| 3314,1 | Repayments: Loans | 1 091 402 | 974 227 | 2 430 391 | 57 079 | 2 077 211 | 84 098 | 212 003 | 9 728 640 | 14 575 | 12 410 |
| 3314,2 | Incurrences: Loans | -951 119 | 5 540 946 | 7 151 562 | 7 517 815 | 1 935 243 | 594 727 | -2 896 224 | 9 512 500 | 186 261 | -198 332 |
| 332 | Foreign (3322+3323+3324+3326+3327+3328) | -2 980 166 | -1 445 788 | 6 878 380 | -4 096 186 | 4 329 508 | -480 943 | 7 126 002 | 9 694 511 | -2 421 856 | -2 204 621 |
| 332,1 | Foreign repayments (3323,1+3324,1+3325,1+3326,1+3327,1+3328,1) | 3 728 963 | 3 050 517 | 6 996 036 | 4 229 292 | 1 692 266 | 625 532 | 448 946 | 5 320 521 | 3 913 567 | 3 670 017 |
| 332,2 | Foreign incurrences (3323,2+3324,2+3325,2+3326,2+3327,2+3328,2) | 748 798 | 1 604 729 | 13 874 416 | 133 105 | 6 021 773 | 144 589 | 7 574 948 | 15 015 032 | 1 491 711 | 1 465 396 |
| 3322 | Currency and deposits | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3323 | Securities other than shares (3323,2-3323,1) | -1 757 723 | -1 112 673 | 7 801 073 | -3 691 710 | 4 134 878 | 0 | 7 357 905 | 7 075 000 | -3 655 005 | -3 655 005 |
| 3323,1 | Repayments: Securities other than shares | 1 757 723 | 1 112 673 | 5 054 565 | 3 691 710 | 1 362 855 | 0 | 0 | 3 725 000 | 3 655 005 | 3 655 005 |
| 3323,2 | Incurrences: Securities other than shares | 0 | 0 | 12 855 638 | 0 | 5 497 733 | 0 | 7 357 905 | 10 800 000 | 0 | 0 |
| 3324 | Loans (3324,2-3324,1) | -1 222 442 | -333 116 | -922 693 | -404 476 | 194 630 | -480 943 | -231 903 | 2 619 511 | 1 233 149 | 1 450 384 |
| 3324,1 | Repayments: Loans | 1 971 240 | 1 937 845 | 1 941 471 | 537 582 | 329 411 | 625 532 | 448 946 | 1 595 521 | 258 562 | 15 012 |
| 3324,2 | Incurrences: Loans | 748 798 | 1 604 729 | 1 018 778 | 133 105 | 524 041 | 144 589 | 217 043 | 4 215 032 | 1 491 711 | 1 465 396 |

TABLE 7: TRANSACTIONS IN FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, BY SECTORS

| | | | I - II 2010 | |
|----------------------|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | (000 HRK) | Budgetary Central Government | Extrabudgetary Users | Consolidated Central Governmer |
| 32 (=32) | NET ACQUISITION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS | -4 437 560 | 213 299 | -4 228 990 |
| | Acquisition of financial assets | 293 536 | 349 166 | 637 973 |
| | Disposals of financial assets | 4 731 097 | 135 867 | 4 866 964 |
| 321 (=321) | • | -4 437 560 | 213 299 | -4 228 990 |
| | Acquisition of domestic financial assets | 293 536 | 349 166 | 637 973 |
| | Disposals of domestic financial assets | 4 731 097 | 135 867 | 4 866 964 |
| 3211 | General government | 4 126 | 0 | -603 |
| 5211 | Acquisitions: General Government | 4 729 | 0 | 0 |
| | Disposals: General Government | 603 | 0 | 603 |
| 3212 | Central bank | -4 044 965 | 0 | -4 044 965 |
| 0212 | Acquisitions: Central bank | -4 044 983 | 0 | -4 044 983 |
| | | | 0 | |
| 212 | Disposals: Central bank | 4 072 082 | - | 4 072 082 |
| 213 | Other depositary institutions | -51 137 | 218 199 | 167 062 |
| | Acquisitions: Other depositary institutions | -12 274 | 218 199 | 205 925 |
| 045 | Disposals: Other depositary institutions | 38 863 | 0 | 38 863 |
| 3215 | Nonfinancial institutions | -335 913 | -4 900 | -340 813 |
| | Acquisitions: Nonfinancial institutions | 273 964 | 130 967 | 404 931 |
| | Disposals: Nonfinancial institutions | 609 876 | 135 867 | 745 743 |
| 3216 | Households and nonprofit institutions serving households | -9 672 | 0 | -9 672 |
| | Acquisitions: Hholds and nonprofit institutions serving hholds | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Disposals: Hholds and nonprofit institutions serving hholds | 9 672 | 0 | 9 672 |
| 322 (=322) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Acquisition of foreign financial assets | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Disposals of foreign financial assets | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 227 | International organizations | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Acquisitions: International organizations | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Disposals: International organizations | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 229 | Other nonresidents | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Acquisitions: Other nonresidents | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Disposals: Other nonresidents | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 33 (=33) | NET INCURRENCE OF LIABILITIES | -826 322 | -10 478 | -841 529 |
| | Repayments: liabilities | 4 070 905 | 39 127 | 4 110 032 |
| | Incurrences: liabilities | 3 244 583 | 28 649 | 3 268 503 |
| 31 (=331) | | 1 595 534 | -21 852 | 1 568 953 |
| | Repayments: domestic liabilities | 157 338 | 33 746 | 191 084 |
| | Incurrences: domestic liabilities | 1 752 872 | 11 894 | 1 760 037 |
| 311 | General government | 0 | 4 729 | 0 |
| 511 | Repayments: General Government | 0 | 4725 0 | 0 |
| | Incurrences: General Government | 0 | 4 729 | 0 |
| 313 | Other depositary institutions | 1 569 389 | -26 581 | 1 542 808 |
| 010 | | | | |
| | Repayments: Other depositary institutions | 157 222 | 33 746 | 190 968 |
| 214 | Incurrences: Other depositary institutions | 1 726 611 | 7 165 | 1 733 776 |
| 314 | Financial institutions not elswhere classified | 26 261 | 0 | 26 261 |
| | Repayments: Financial institutions not elsewhere classified | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Incurrences: Financial institutions not elsewhere classified | 26 261 | 0 | 26 261 |
| 3315 | Nonfinancial institutions | -116 | 0 | -116 |
| | Repayments: Nonfinancial institutions | 116 | 0 | 116 |
| | Incurrences: Nonfinancial institutions | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 32 (=332) | Foreign | -2 421 856 | 11 374 | -2 410 482 |
| | Repayments: foreign liabilities | 3 913 567 | 5 381 | 3 918 948 |
| | Incurrences: foreign liabilities | 1 491 711 | 16 755 | 1 508 466 |
| 321 | General government | -10 052 | 0 | -10 052 |
| | Repayments: General Government | 10 052 | 0 | 10 052 |
| | Incurrences: General Government | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | International organizations | 1 444 990 | 0 | 1 444 990 |
| 327 | Repayments: International organizations | 46 721 | 0 | 46 721 |
| 327 | | 1 491 711 | 0 | 1 491 711 |
| 327 | Incurrences: International organizations | | | -3 845 419 |
| | Incurrences: International organizations Financial institutions other than international organizations | -3 856 793 | 11 374 | |
| | Financial institutions other than international organizations | -3 856 793 3 856 793 | 11 374 5 381 | |
| | Financial institutions other than international organizations Repayments: Financial institutions other than international organizations | 3 856 793 | 5 381 | 3 862 174 |
| 3328 | Financial institutions other than international organizations Repayments: Financial institutions other than international organizations Incurrences: Financial institutions other than international organizations | 3 856 793 0 | 5 381 16 755 | 3 862 174 16 755 |
| 3328 | Financial institutions other than international organizations Repayments: Financial institutions other than international organizations Incurrences: Financial institutions other than international organizations Other nonresidents | 3 856 793 0 0 | 5 381 16 755 0 | 3 862 174 |
| 8327 8328 8329 | Financial institutions other than international organizations Repayments: Financial institutions other than international organizations Incurrences: Financial institutions other than international organizations | 3 856 793 0 | 5 381 16 755 | 3 862 |

TABLE 8: STATEMENT OF BUDGETARY CENTRAL GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

| (000 HRK) | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | l - III 2009 | IV - VI 2009 | VII - IX 2009 | X - XII 2009 | Plan 2010 | I - II 2010 | II 2010 |
|--|----------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| TRANSACTIONS AFFECTING NET WORTH | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 REVENUE (11+12+13+14) | 108 320 595 | 115 772 655 | 110 257 947 | 26 020 898 | 26 598 410 | 28 376 211 | 29 262 428 | 112 578 913 | 16 075 187 | 8 348 252 |
| 11 Taxes | 64 234 530 | 69 572 699 | 63 678 926 | 13 547 073 | 15 389 517 | 16 979 849 | 17 762 487 | 65 822 571 | 9 090 043 | 4 784 277 |
| 12 Social contributions | 37 203 486 | 40 703 484 | 39 994 739 | 9 913 476 | 9 989 663 | 10 109 025 | 9 982 575 | 40 328 591 | 6 167 222 | 3 101 746 |
| 13 Grants | 428 038 | 468 634 | 616 307 | 187 519 | 137 449 | 103 202 | 188 138 | 1 256 610 | 47 212 | 18 846 |
| 14 Other revenue | 6 454 541 | 5 027 838 | 5 967 975 | 2 372 830 | 1 081 781 | 1 184 136 | 1 329 229 | 5 171 141 | 770 710 | 443 383 |
| 2 EXPENSE (21+22+24+25+26+27+28) | 108 007 605 | 115 292 426 | 117 923 992 | 28 841 237 | 29 486 337 | 29 442 847 | 30 153 571 | 119 079 551 | 19 474 449 | 9 964 292 |
| 21 Compensation of employees | 27 545 141 | 29 948 535 | 31 289 325 | 7 941 928 | 7 738 581 | 7 863 364 | 7 745 453 | 31 434 408 | 5 104 187 | 2 552 200 |
| 22 Use of goods and services | 7 162 402 | 8 113 694 | 7 363 814 | 1 856 917 | 1 898 703 | 1 768 065 | 1 840 130 | 8 130 890 | 1 210 217 | 666 968 |
| 24 Interest | 4 535 008 | 4 683 219 | 5 225 174 | 1 866 958 | 1 120 606 | 1 181 558 | 1 056 052 | 5 771 252 | 947 687 | 517 290 |
| 25 Subsidies | 6 492 010 | 6 859 512 | 6 710 033 | 1 542 906 | 2 112 830 | 1 574 042 | 1 480 256 | 5 935 107 | 998 659 | 585 024 |
| 26 Grants | 8 363 202 | 5 783 063 | 5 559 586 | 1 002 181 | 1 377 428 | 1 573 769 | 1 606 208 | 5 418 374 | 1 124 821 | 541 509 |
| 27 Social benefits | 48 175 989 | 52 593 214 | 56 148 498 | 13 520 210 | 13 872 713 | 14 044 230 | 14 711 344 | 56 521 467 | 9 083 838 | 4 610 555 |
| 28 Other expense | 5 733 853 | 7 311 189 | 5 627 561 | 1 110 137 | 1 365 478 | 1 437 819 | 1 714 128 | 5 868 052 | 1 005 039 | 490 747 |
| NET-GROSS OPERATING BALANCE (1-2) | 312 990 | 480 229 | -7 666 045 | -2 820 339 | -2 887 928 | -1 066 636 | -891 143 | -6 500 638 | -3 399 261 | -1 616 040 |
| CHANGE IN NET WORTH: TRANSACTIONS (31+32-33) | 312 990 | 480 229 | -7 666 045 | -2 820 339 | -2 887 928 | -1 066 636 | -891 143 | -6 500 638 | -3 399 261 | -1 616 040 |
| TRANSACTIONS IN NONFINANCIAL ASSETS | | | | | | | | | | |
| 31 NET ACQUISITION OF NONFINANCIAL ASSETS (311+312+313+314) | 2 545 220 | 2 988 129 | 1 963 401 | 403 675 | 371 131 | 552 211 | 636 384 | 2 111 846 | 211 977 | 123 018 |
| 311 Fixed assets | 2 625 692 | 2 719 479 | 1 839 720 | 376 382 | 346 821 | 488 137 | 628 380 | 2 012 023 | 200 792 | 112 803 |
| 312 Change in inventories | -161 383 | 79 444 | 35 412 | 1 347 | 3 463 | 30 696 | -94 | 10 990 | -18 | -1 |
| 313 Valuables | 9 620 | 10 126 | 8 929 | 1 408 | 4 372 | 1 244 | 1 906 | 3 437 | 818 | 813 |
| 314 Nonproduced assets | 71 291 | 179 081 | 79 340 | 24 539 | 16 475 | 32 134 | 6 192 | 85 397 | 10 385 | 9 403 |
| NET LENDING-BORROWING (1-2-31) | -2 232 230 | -2 507 901 | -9 629 446 | -3 224 014 | -3 259 058 | -1 618 847 | -1 527 527 | -8 612 485 | -3 611 238 | -1 739 058 |
| TRANSACTIONS IN FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (FINANCING) (33-32) | 2 232 230 | 2 507 901 | 9 629 446 | 3 224 014 | 3 259 058 | 1 618 847 | 1 527 527 | 8 612 485 | 3 611 238 | 1 739 058 |
| | 2 724 704 | 1 702 0 47 | (005 544 | 003.001 | 1 000 040 | 77.000 | 4 531 046 | 1 5(0.0(0 | 4 497 569 | 2 416 040 |
| 32 NET ACQUISITION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS (321+322) | -3 734 781 | 1 702 947 | 6 825 544 | 983 896 | 1 233 312 | 77 290 77 290 | 4 531 046 | 1 569 860 | -4 437 560 | -2 416 840 |
| 321 Domestic 322 Foreign | -3 752 817 18 036 | 1 690 502 12 445 | 6 823 196 2 348 | 983 896 0 | 1 232 411 901 | 77 290 0 | 4 529 599 1 447 | 1 569 860 0 | -4 437 560 0 | -2 416 840 0 |
| 277 (O(GB)) | 10 050 | 12 443 | 2 340 | 0 | 201 | 0 | 1 44/ | 0 | 0 | U |
| 33 NET INCURRENCE OF LIABILITIES (331+332) | -1 502 551 | 4 210 848 | 16 454 990 | 4 207 910 | 4 492 370 | 1 696 137 | 6 058 573 | 10 182 345 | -826 322 | -677 783 |
| 331 Domestic | 1 477 615 | 5 656 636 | 9 576 610 | 8 304 096 | 162 863 | 2 177 080 | -1 067 428 | 487 834 | 1 595 534 | 1 526 838 |
| 332 Foreign | -2 980 166 | -1 445 788 | 6 878 380 | -4 096 186 | 4 329 508 | -480 943 | 7 126 002 | 9 694 511 | -2 421 856 | -2 204 621 |

MEASURES OF BUDGETARY CENTRAL GOVERNMENT DEFICIT/SURPLUS

TABLE 8A: OPERATING BALANCE AND PRIMARY OPERATING BALANCE (000 HRK)

| | Revenues (1) | Expenditures (2) | Operating balance | Interest payments | Primary operating balance |
|---|--|--|---|---|--|
| | (1) | (2) | (3) 1-2 | (4) | (5) 3+4 |
| 1 2008 II III IV V VI VII VII VIII X X XI XII I-XII 2008 | 9 849 906 8 765 529 8 729 069 11 427 966 9 329 899 9 467 172 11 353 659 8 977 105 9 447 287 10 079 271 8 588 035 9 757 756 115 772 655 | $\begin{array}{c} 7 \ 831 \ 076 \\ 9 \ 168 \ 070 \\ 9 \ 083 \ 414 \\ 9 \ 513 \ 920 \\ 9 \ 333 \ 719 \\ 9 \ 134 \ 604 \\ 10 \ 404 \ 587 \\ 8 \ 905 \ 943 \\ 9 \ 485 \ 580 \\ 9 \ 330 \ 904 \\ 9 \ 060 \ 765 \\ 14 \ 032 \ 845 \\ 115 \ 292 \ 426 \end{array}$ | 2 018 830 -402 541 -354 344 1 914 046 -3 819 325 569 949 072 71 162 -38 293 748 367 -472 730 -4 275 089 480 229 | 289 097 1 105 770 354 621 277 931 358 305 354 865 296 629 397 176 386 943 169 275 208 418 484 190 4 683 219 | $\begin{array}{c} 2\ 307\ 927\\ 703\ 229\\ 277\\ 2\ 191\ 976\\ 354\ 486\\ 6\ 600\ 434\\ 1\ 245\ 701\\ 468\ 337\\ 348\ 650\\ 917\ 642\\ -264\ 313\\ -3\ 790\ 898\\ 5\ 163\ 448\\ \end{array}$ |
| FAIL 2000 1 2009 II III IV V VI VII VIII XX XI XII I-XII 2009 | 7 979 589 8 146 941 9 894 368 10 258 545 7 616 694 8 723 171 9 604 421 9 220 249 9 551 541 9 429 982 9 186 726 10 645 720 110 257 947 | $\begin{array}{c} 8 \ 716 \ 051 \\ 9 \ 591 \ 547 \\ 10 \ 533 \ 639 \\ 10 \ 639 \ 802 \\ 9 \ 721 \ 639 \\ 9 \ 924 \ 591 \\ 9 \ 934 \ 591 \\ 10 \ 137 \ 607 \\ 9 \ 036 \ 658 \\ 9 \ 674 \ 380 \\ 11 \ 442 \ 534 \\ 117 \ 923 \ 992 \end{array}$ | -736 462 -1 444 606 -639 271 -381 258 -1 508 202 -998 468 -330 170 -150 400 -586 066 393 325 -487 654 -796 814 -7 666 045 | $\begin{array}{c} 3057\ 753\\ 752\ 778\\ 856\ 427\\ 416\ 869\\ 334\ 293\\ 369\ 443\\ 201\ 395\\ 355\ 792\\ 624\ 372\\ 104\ 524\\ 314\ 169\\ 637\ 359\\ 5\ 225\ 174\\ \end{array}$ | -478 709 -691 828 217 156 35 611 -1 173 909 -629 025 -128 775 205 392 38 306 497 848 -173 485 -159 455 -2 440 871 |
| I 2010 II I-II 2010 | 7 726 936 8 348 252 16 075 187 | 9 510 157 9 964 292 19 474 449 | -1 783 221 -1 616 040 -3 399 261 | 430 397 517 290 947 687 | -1 352 825 -1 098 750 -2 451 575 |

MEASURES OF BUDGETARY CENTRAL GOVERNMENT DEFICIT/SURPLUS

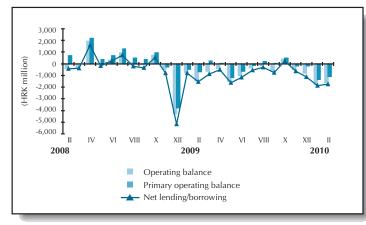


TABLE 8B: NET LENDING/BORROWING (000 HRK)

| | Operating balance | Net nonfinancial assets (31) | Net lending/ borrowing* | Financing (33-32) | Net financial assets (32) | Net incurrence of liabilities (33) |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | (1) | (2) | (3) 1-2 | (4) 6-5 | (5) | (6) |
| I 2008 II III IV V V VI VII IX X XI XII IX X XI II II IV V V VI VII VI | 2 018 830 -402 541 -354 344 1 914 046 - 3 819 325 569 949 072 71 162 -38 293 748 367 -472 730 -4 275 089 480 229 -736 462 -1 444 606 -639 271 -381 258 -1 508 202 -998 468 -330 170 -150 400 | $\begin{array}{c} (2) \\ 54 \ 199 \\ 26 \ 186 \\ 45 \ 897 \\ 297 \ 781 \\ 179 \ 463 \\ 104 \ 560 \\ 22 \ 912 \\ 311 \ 661 \\ 308 \ 611 \\ 218 \ 684 \\ 312 \ 903 \\ 905 \ 271 \\ 2 \ 988 \ 129 \\ 60 \ 948 \\ 106 \ 094 \\ 236 \ 634 \\ 111 \ 710 \\ 100 \ 507 \\ 158 \ 914 \\ 236 \ 905 \\ 152 \ 066 \end{array}$ | (J) 1 2 1 964 631 -428 727 -400 241 1 616 265 -183 283 221 009 726 161 -240 500 -346 904 529 683 -785 633 -5 180 360 -2 507 901 -797 409 -1 550 700 -875 905 -492 968 -1 608 709 -1 157 381 -567 075 -302 466 | (4) 6 3 $-1 964 631$ $428 727$ $400 241$ $-1 616 265$ $183 283$ $-221 009$ $-726 161$ $240 500$ $346 904$ $-529 683$ $785 633$ $5 180 360$ $2 507 901$ $797 409$ $1 550 700$ $875 905$ $492 968$ $1 608 709$ $1 157 381$ $567 075$ $302 466$ | (J) 1 176 140 -84 821 604 200 1 273 851 -556 982 -50 401 712 365 -779 994 -374 588 565 633 1 024 270 -1 806 724 1 702 947 1 550 083 -1 395 438 829 251 1 309 823 -1 572 538 1 496 027 -323 737 71 727 | $\begin{array}{c}$ |
| VIII IX X XI XII I-XII 2009 | -130 400 -586 066 393 325 -487 654 -796 814 -7 666 045 | 163 240 163 240 149 001 157 581 329 802 1 963 401 | -302 466 -749 306 244 323 -645 234 -1 126 616 -9 629 446 | 749 306 -244 323 645 234 1 126 616 9 629 446 | 329 300 447 019 4 197 372 -113 345 6 825 544 | 1 078 607 202 696 4 842 606 1 013 271 16 454 990 |
| I 2010 II I-II 2010 | -1 783 221 -1 616 040 -3 399 261 | 88 959 123 018 211 977 | -1 872 180 -1 739 058 -3 611 238 | 1 872 180 1 739 058 3 611 238 | -2 020 720 -2 416 840 -4 437 560 | -148 539 -677 783 -826 322 |

* Deficit/surplus according to the GFS 2001 methodology

TABLE 9: THE CROATIAN WATERS TRANSACTIONS

| | (000 HRK) | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | I - III 2009 | IV - VI 2009 | VII - IX 2009 | X - XII 2009 | Plan 2010 | I - II 2010 | II 2010 | I - II 2010 Plan 2010 |
|---------------|---|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 11 12 | REVENUE (11+12+13+14) Taxes Social security contributions | 2 507 327 0 0 | 2 618 977 0 0 | 2 253 976 0 0 | 441 421 0 0 | 531 032 0 0 | 676 882 0 0 | 604 641 0 0 | 2 156 388 0 0 | 208 337 0 0 | 110 730 0 0 | 9,66 |
| 13 | Grants (131+132+133) | 542 884 | 588 928 | 342 007 | 39 310 | 102 120 | 106 560 | 94 017 | 383 888 | 8 554 | 4 303 | 2,23 |
| 131 | From foreign governments | 0 | 19 044 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 132 | From international organizations | 18 197 | 0 | 3 397 | 0 | 0 | 2 252 | 1 1 4 5 | 3 500 | 0 | 0 | |
| 133 | From other general government units (1331+1332) | 524 687 | 569 884 | 338 610 | 39 310 | 102 120 | 104 308 | 92 872 | 380 388 | 8 554 | 4 303 | 2,25 |
| 1331 | Current | 3 643 | 34 848 | 15 364 | 4 833 | 1 800 | 2 376 | 6 355 | 20 000 | 1 326 | 803 | 6,63 |
| 1332 | Capital | 521 044 | 535 036 | 323 246 | 34 477 | 100 320 | 101 932 | 86 517 | 360 388 | 7 228 | 3 500 | 2,01 |
| 14 | Other revenue | 1 964 443 | 2 030 049 | 1 911 969 | 402 111 | 428 912 | 570 322 | 510 624 | 1 772 500 | 199 783 | 106 427 | 11,27 |
| 2 | EXPENSE (21+22+24+25+26+27+28) | 2 108 778 | 2 339 024 | 1 748 448 | 272 561 | 538 165 | 545 049 | 392 673 | 1 799 468 | 43 529 | 22 239 | 2,42 |
| 21 | Compensation of employees (211+212) | 121 767 | 135 222 | 129 458 | 32 982 | 33 504 | 31 077 | 31 895 | 139 325 | 20 126 | 10 160 | 14,45 |
| 211 | Wages and salaries | 104 720 | 116 482 | 111 542 | 28 355 | 28 962 | 26 646 | 27 579 | 119 905 | 17 488 | 8 883 | 14,58 |
| 212 | Social contributions | 17 047 | 18 740 | 17 916 | 4 627 | 4 542 | 4 431 | 4 316 | 19 420 | 2 638 | 1 277 | 13,58 |
| 22 | Use of goods and services | 1 208 936 | 1 331 786 | 1 060 458 | 135 207 | 297 486 | 373 434 | 254 331 | 1 097 654 | 19 580 | 10 836 | 1,78 |
| 24 | Interest | 34 639 | 35 525 | 29 863 | 7 050 | 9 159 | 7 122 | 6 5 3 2 | 28 075 | 797 | 1 | 2,84 |
| 25 | Subsidies | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.00 |
| 26 27 | Grants Social benefits | 82 301 0 | 120 094 0 | 76 101 0 | 11 011 0 | 31 814 0 | 20 346 0 | 12 930 0 | 61 200 0 | 1 200 0 | 1 200 0 | 1,96 |
| 27 | Other expense | 661 135 | 0 716 397 | 452 568 | 0 86 311 | 0 166 202 | 0 113 070 | 0 86 985 | 473 214 | 1 826 | 42 | 0,39 |
| 20 | | | | | | | | | | | | 0,39 |
| | Net-gross operating balance (1-2) | 398 549 | 279 953 | 505 528 | 168 860 | -7 133 | 131 833 | 211 968 | 356 920 | 164 808 | 88 491 | |
| 31 | Net acquisition of nonfinancial assets (31,1 - 31,2) | 315 004 | 245 968 | 274 314 | 39 638 | 53 503 | 97 158 | 84 015 | 438 120 | 23 485 | 6 307 | 5,36 |
| 31,1 | Acquisition of nonfinancial assets (311,1+312,1+313,1+314,1) | 318 780 3 776 | 246 965 | 275 598 | 39 657 19 | 54 238 | 97 672 | 84 031 16 | 439 120 | 23 497 12 | 6 314 7 | 5,35 |
| 31,2 311 | Disposal of nonfinancial assets (311,2+312,2+313,2+314,2) Fixed assets (311,1-311,2-311,3) | 278 730 | 997 223 907 | 1 284 262 282 | 36 864 | 735 52 917 | 514 92 605 | 79 896 | 1 000 425 720 | 22 045 | 7 5 759 | 1,20 |
| 311,1 | Acquisitions: fixed assets | 278730 | 223 907 224 904 | 262 262 262 263 566 | 36 883 | 52 917 | 92 605 93 119 | 79 896 | 425 720 | 22 045 22 057 | 5759 | 5,18 5,17 |
| 311,2 | Disposals: fixed assets | 3 776 | 997 | 1 284 | 19 | 735 | 514 | 16 | 1 000 | 12 | 5700 | 1,20 |
| 314 | Nonproduced assets (314,1-314,2-314,3-314,4) | 36 274 | 22 061 | 12 032 | 2 774 | 586 | 4 553 | 4 1 1 9 | 12 400 | 1 440 | 548 | 11,61 |
| 314,1 | Acquisitions: nonproduced assets | 36 274 | 22 061 | 12 032 | 2 774 | 586 | 4 553 | 4 1 1 9 | 12 400 | 1 440 | 548 | 11,61 |
| 314,2 | Disposals: nonproduced assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | Net lending - borrowing (1-2-31) | 83 545 | 33 985 | 231 214 | 129 222 | -60 636 | 34 675 | 127 953 | -81 200 | 141 323 | 82 184 | |
| | Financing (33-32) | -83 545 | -33 985 | -231 214 | -129 222 | 60 636 | -34 675 | -127 953 | 81 200 | -141 323 | -82 184 | |
| 32 | Net acquisition of financial assets (321+322) | 116 100 | 32 151 | 222 116 | 139 600 | -80 511 | 42 111 | 120 916 | -3 075 | 145 272 | 82 184 | |
| 321 | Domestic | 116 100 | 32 151 | 222 116 | 139 600 | -80 511 | 42 111 | 120 916 | -3 075 | 145 272 | 82 184 | |
| 322 | Foreign | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 33 | Net incurrence of liabilities (331+332) | 32 555 | -1 834 | -9 098 | 10 378 | -19 875 | 7 436 | -7 037 | 78 125 | 3 949 | 0 | |
| 331 | Domestic | -2 259 | -49 781 | -115 831 | -21 289 | -37 376 | -20 322 | -36 844 | 96 025 | 8 800 | 0 | |
| 332 | Foreign | 34 814 | 47 947 | 106 733 | 31 667 | 17 501 | 27 758 | 29 807 | -17 900 | -4 851 | 0 | |
| | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | |

TABLE 10: THE ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION FUND TRANSACTIONS

| | (000 HRK) | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | I - III 2009 | IV - VI 2009 | VII - IX 2009 | X - XII 2009 | Plan 2010 | l - II 2010 | II 2010 | I - II 2010 Plan 2010 |
|--------------|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| 1 | REVENUE (11+12+13+14) | 1 102 946 | 1 221 187 | 1 168 578 | 249 804 | 284 167 | 292 692 | 341 915 | 1 060 350 | 163 102 | 107 529 | 15,38 |
| 11 | Taxes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 12 | Social security contributions | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 13 | Grants (131+132+133) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 131 | From foreign governments | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 132 | From international organizations | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 133 | From other general government units (1331+1332) Current | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 1331 1332 | Capital | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 1352 14 | Other revenue | 1 102 946 | 1 221 187 | 1 168 578 | 249 804 | 284 167 | 292 692 | 341 915 | 1 060 350 | 163 102 | 107 529 | 15,38 |
| 14 | Other revenue | 1 102 940 | 1 221 10/ | 1 100 370 | 249 004 | 204 107 | 292 092 | 341 913 | 1 000 330 | 103 102 | 10/ 529 | 15,50 |
| 2 | EXPENSE (21+22+24+25+26+27+28) | 1 092 568 | 1 109 258 | 1 159 521 | 198 167 | 249 954 | 313 609 | 397 791 | 1 041 127 | 166 903 | 78 103 | 16,03 |
| 21 | Compensation of employees (211+212) | 12 939 | 18 600 | 21 331 | 5 143 | 5 404 | 5 083 | 5 701 | 24 550 | 3 103 | 1 527 | 12,64 |
| 211 | Wages and salaries | 11 071 | 15 942 | 18 310 | 4 427 | 4 690 | 4 360 | 4 833 | 20 850 | 2 675 | 1 311 | 12,83 |
| 212 | Social contributions | 1 868 | 2 658 | 3 021 | 716 | 714 | 723 | 868 | 3 700 | 428 | 216 | 11,57 |
| 22 | Use of goods and services | 945 697 | 883 628 | 874 856 | 151 192 | 206 945 | 232 058 | 284 661 | 707 244 | 116 148 | 55 086 | 16,42 |
| 24 | Interest | 0 | 0 | 32 | 0 | 1 | 29 | 2 | 2 | 122 | 0 | |
| 25 | Subsidies | 18 553 | 39 318 | 89 673 | 10 708 | 6 496 | 24 986 | 47 483 | 48 050 | 3 497 | 0 | 7,28 |
| 26 | Grants | 108 582 | 149 644 | 157 329 | 29 162 | 29 580 | 41 070 | 57 517 | 235 281 | 38 631 | 16 704 | 16,42 |
| 27 | Social benefits | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 28 | Other expense | 6 797 | 18 068 | 16 300 | 1 962 | 1 528 | 10 383 | 2 427 | 26 000 | 5 402 | 4 786 | 20,78 |
| | Net-gross operating balance (1-2) | 10 378 | 111 929 | 9 057 | 51 637 | 34 213 | -20 917 | -55 876 | 19 223 | -3 801 | 29 426 | |
| 31 | Net acquisition of nonfinancial assets (31,1 - 31,2) | 20 189 | 3 926 | 6 656 | 1 846 | 2 261 | 845 | 1 704 | 2 500 | 29 | 11 | 1,16 |
| 31,1 | Acquisition of nonfinancial assets (311,1+312,1+313,1+314,1) | 20 256 | 3 926 | 6 656 | 1 846 | 2 261 | 845 | 1 704 | 2 500 | 29 | 11 | 1,16 |
| 31,2 | Disposal of nonfinancial assets (311,2+312,2+313,2+314,2) | 67 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 311 | Fixed assets (311,1-311,2-311,3) | 7 741 | 3 375 | 6 656 | 1 846 | 2 261 | 845 | 1 704 | 2 500 | 29 | 11 | 1,16 |
| 311,1 | Acquisitions: fixed assets | 7 808 | 3 375 | 6 656 | 1 846 | 2 261 | 845 | 1 704 | 2 500 | 29 | 11 | 1,16 |
| 311,2 | Disposals: fixed assets | 67 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 314 | Nonproduced assets (314,1-314,2-314,3-314,4) | 12 448 | 551 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 314,1 | Acquisitions: nonproduced assets | 12 448 | 551 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 314,2 | Disposals: nonproduced assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | Net lending - borrowing (1-2-31) | -9 811 | 108 003 | 2 401 | 49 791 | 31 952 | -21 762 | -57 580 | 16 723 | -3 830 | 29 415 | |
| | Financing (33-32) | 9 811 | -108 003 | -2 401 | -49 791 | -31 952 | 21 762 | 57 580 | -16 723 | 3 830 | -29 415 | |
| 32 | Net acquisition of financial assets (321+322) | -9 811 | 108 003 | 2 401 | 49 791 | 31 952 | -21 762 | -57 580 | 16 723 | -3 830 | 29 415 | |
| 321 | Domestic | -9 811 | 108 003 | 2 401 | 49 791 | 31 952 | -21 762 | -57 580 | 16 723 | -3 830 | 29 415 | |
| 322 | Foreign | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 33 | Net incurrence of liabilities (331+332) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 331 | Domestic | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 332 | Foreign | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |

TABLE 11: THE CROATIAN MOTORWAYS Ltd. TRANSACTIONS

| | (000 HRK) | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | I - III 2007 | IV - VI 2007 | VII - IX 2007 | X - XII 2007 |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 11 1142 12 13 131 | REVENUE (11+12+13+14) Taxes Excises Social security contributions Grants (131+132+133) From foreign governments | 2 547 003 1 380 753 1 380 753 0 0 0 | 2 721 483 0 0 1 450 358 0 | 4 391 205 0 0 3 015 869 0 | 554 476 0 0 316 773 0 | 729 978 0 0 374 169 0 | 981 840 0 0 450 041 0 | 2 124 911 0 0 1 874 886 0 |
| 132 133 1331 1332 14 | From international organizations From other general government units (1331+1332) Current Capital Other revenue | 0 0 0 1 166 250 | 0 1 450 358 0 1 450 358 1 271 125 | 0 3 015 869 0 3 015 869 1 375 336 | 0 316 773 0 316 773 237 703 | 0 374 169 0 374 169 355 809 | 0 450 041 0 450 041 531 799 | 0 1 874 886 0 1 874 886 250 025 |
| 2 21 211 212 22 24 25 26 27 28 | EXPENSE (21+22+24+25+26+27+28) Compensation of employees (211+212) Wages and salaries Social contributions Use of goods and services Interest Subsidies Grants Social benefits Other expense | 1 088 687 289 866 250 374 39 492 314 534 445 185 0 3 610 0 35 492 | 1 574 490 320 097 276 180 43 917 301 452 589 173 0 301 777 0 61 991 | 1 982 632 354 412 305 329 49 083 326 437 787 824 0 474 244 0 39 715 | 343 052 82 595 71 317 11 278 63 067 116 150 0 68 562 0 12 678 | 514 269 83 694 72 044 11 650 100 011 280 254 0 48 620 0 1 690 | 343 805 98 706 84 598 14 108 82 947 74 985 0 82 062 0 5 105 | 781 506 89 417 77 370 12 047 80 412 316 435 0 275 000 0 20 242 |
| | Net-gross operating balance (1-2) | 1 458 316 | 1 146 993 | 2 408 573 | 211 424 | 215 709 | 638 035 | 1 343 405 |
| 31 31,1 31,2 311 311,1 311,2 314 314,1 314,2 | Net acquisition of nonfinancial assets (31,1 - 31,2) Acquisition of nonfinancial assets (311,1+312,1+313,1+314,1) Disposal of nonfinancial assets (311,2+312,2+313,2+314,2) Fixed assets (311,1-311,2-311,3) Acquisitions: fixed assets Disposals: fixed assets Nonproduced assets (314,1-314,2-314,3-314,4) Acquisitions: nonproduced assets Disposals: nonproduced assets | 3 942 727 3 942 727 0 3 825 950 3 825 950 0 116 777 116 777 0 | 2 949 761 3 249 761 300 000 2 748 525 3 048 525 300 000 201 236 201 236 0 | 3 369 269 3 386 216 16 947 3 240 471 3 257 418 16 947 128 798 128 798 0 | 582 659 595 911 13 252 548 763 562 015 13 252 33 896 33 896 0 | 823 712 823 712 0 787 927 787 927 0 35 785 35 785 0 | 1 003 657 1 003 657 0 915 816 915 816 0 87 841 87 841 0 | 959 241 962 936 3 695 987 965 991 660 3 695 -28 724 -28 724 0 |
| | Net lending - borrowing (1-2-31) | -2 484 411 | -1 802 768 | -960 696 | -371 235 | -608 003 | -365 622 | 384 164 |
| | Financing (33-32) | 2 484 411 | 1 802 768 | 960 696 | 371 235 | 608 003 | 365 622 | -384 164 |
| 32 321 322 | Net acquisition of financial assets (321+322) Domestic Foreign | -42 758 -42 758 0 | 248 366 248 366 0 | 289 126 289 126 0 | -234 657 -234 657 0 | 101 490 101 490 0 | -43 950 -43 950 0 | 466 243 466 243 0 |
| 33 331 332 | Net incurrence of liabilities (331-332) Domestic Foreign | 2 441 653 1 698 272 743 381 | 2 051 134 1 758 422 292 712 | 1 249 822 -87 997 1 337 819 | 136 578 220 507 -83 929 | 709 493 221 496 487 997 | 321 672 0 321 672 | 82 079 -530 000 612 079 |

TABLE 12: THE CROATIAN ROADS Ltd. TRANSACTIONS

| | (000 HRK) | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | l - III 2009 | IV - VI 2009 | VII - IX 2009 | X - XII 2009 | Plan 2010 | l - II 2010 | II 2010 | l - II 2010 Plan 2010 |
|-------------|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------------------|
| 1 | REVENUE (11+12+13+14) | 2 110 381 | 1 549 929 | 1 481 919 | 210 064 | 201 224 | 346 106 | 724 525 | 1 410 190 | 257 660 | 198 267 | 18.27 |
| 11 | Taxes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 1142 | Excises | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 12 | Social security contributions | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 13 | Grants (131+132+133) | 1 990 435 | 1 468 959 | 1 369 079 | 190 762 | 180 852 | 324 119 | 673 346 | 1 350 597 | 228 243 | 171 474 | 16.90 |
| 131 | From foreign governments | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 132 | From international organizations | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16.00 |
| 133 1331 | From other general government units (1331+1332) Current | 1 990 435 0 | 1 468 959 0 | 1 369 079 0 | 190 762 0 | 180 852 0 | 324 119 0 | 673 346 0 | 1 350 597 0 | 228 243 0 | 171 474 0 | 16.90 |
| 1331 | Capital | 1 990 435 | 1 468 959 | 1 369 079 | 190 762 | 180 852 | 324 119 | 673 346 | 1 350 597 | 228 243 | 171 474 | 16.90 |
| 1332 | Other revenue | 11990 435 | 80 970 | 112 840 | 190 7 02 19 302 | 20 372 | 21 987 | 51 179 | 59 593 | 220 243 29 417 | 26 793 | 49.36 |
| 17 | Other revenue | 115 540 | 00 57 0 | 112 040 | 15 302 | 20 37 2 | 21 507 | 51175 | 37373 | 25417 | 20755 | 45.50 |
| 2 | EXPENSE (21+22+24+25+26+27+28) | 1 243 399 | 1 592 627 | 1 048 486 | 385 430 | 268 019 | 382 221 | 12 816 | 1 274 497 | 171 868 | 111 055 | 13.49 |
| 21 | Compensation of employees (211+212) | 78 005 | 86 547 | 93 383 | 21 728 | 22 178 | 27 181 | 22 296 | 95 361 | 16 766 | 6 709 | 17.58 |
| 211 | Wages and salaries | 67 035 | 74 359 | 80 372 | 18 649 | 19 165 | 23 310 | 19 248 | 82 041 | 14 368 | 5 740 | 17.51 |
| 212 | Social contributions | 10 970 | 12 188 | 13 011 | 3 079 | 3 013 | 3 871 | 3 048 | 13 320 | 2 398 | 969 | 18.00 |
| 22 | Use of goods and services | 819 311 | 1 107 252 | 524 661 | 280 391 | 166 365 | 268 912 | -191 007 | 533 022 | 79 323 | 55 398 | 14.88 |
| 24 | Interest | 85 641 | 142 396 | 221 474 | 14 491 | 63 755 | 84 697 | 58 531 | 389 806 | 53 706 | 27 747 | 13.78 |
| 25 | Subsidies | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 26 | Grants | 7 607 | 3 884 | 508 | 458 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 27 | Social benefits | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 28 | Other expense | 252 835 | 252 548 | 208 460 | 68 362 | 15 721 | 1 431 | 122 946 | 256 308 | 22 073 | 21 201 | 8.61 |
| | Net-gross operating balance (1-2) | 866 982 | -42 698 | 433 433 | -175 366 | -66 795 | -36 115 | 711 709 | 135 693 | 85 792 | 87 212 | |
| 31 | Net acquisition of nonfinancial assets (31.1 - 31.2) | 1 603 747 | 1 142 207 | 1 371 041 | 221 218 | 144 912 | 271 779 | 733 132 | 1 163 640 | 96 217 | 82 738 | 8.27 |
| 31,1 | Acquisition of nonfinancial assets (311.1+312.1+313.1+314.1) | 1 604 733 | 1 143 098 | 1 376 092 | 221 353 | 149 448 | 272 027 | 733 264 | 1 163 640 | 96 314 | 82 792 | 8.28 |
| 31,2 | Disposal of nonfinancial assets (311.2+312.2+313.2+314.2) | 986 | 891 | 5 051 | 135 | 4 536 | 248 | 132 | 0 | 97 | 54 | |
| 311 | Fixed assets (311.1-311.2-311.3) | 1 416 639 | 932 682 | 1 128 989 | 108 919 | 113 755 | 205 937 | 700 378 | 1 061 340 | 79 944 | 68 719 | 7.53 |
| 311,1 | Acquisitions: fixed assets | 1 417 625 | 933 573 | 1 134 040 | 109 054 | 118 291 | 206 185 | 700 510 | 1 061 340 | 80 041 | 68 773 | 7.54 |
| 311,2 | Disposals: fixed assets | 986 | 891 | 5 051 | 135 | 4 536 | 248 | 132 | 0 | 97 | 54 | |
| 314 | Nonproduced assets (314.1-314.2-314.3-314.4) | 187 108 | 209 525 | 242 052 | 112 299 | 31 157 | 65 842 | 32 754 | 102 300 | 16 273 | 14 019 | 15.91 |
| 314,1 | Acquisitions: nonproduced assets | 187 108 | 209 525 | 242 052 | 112 299 | 31 157 | 65 842 | 32 754 | 102 300 | 16 273 | 14 019 | 15.91 |
| 314,2 | Disposals: nonproduced assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | Net lending - borrowing (1-2-31) | -736 765 | -1 184 905 | -937 608 | -396 584 | -211 707 | -307 894 | -21 423 | -1 027 947 | -10 425 | 4 474 | |
| | Financing (33-32) | 736 765 | 1 184 905 | 937 608 | 396 584 | 211 707 | 307 894 | 21 423 | 1 027 947 | 10 425 | -4 474 | |
| 32 | Net acquisition of financial assets (321+322) | -45 061 | 217 802 | 41 652 | 241 836 | -140 074 | -96 172 | 36 062 | 0 | -18 622 | 21 229 | |
| 32 | Domestic | -45 061 | 217 802 | 41 652 | 241 836 | -140 074 | -96 172 | 36 062 | 0 | -18 622 | 21 229 | |
| 322 | Foreign | -45 001 | 217 002 | 0 | 241 050 | 0 | 0 | 0 002 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 522 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 33 | Net incurrence of liabilities (331+332) | 691 704 | 1 402 707 | 979 260 | 638 420 | 71 633 | 211 722 | 57 485 | 1 027 947 | -8 197 | 16 755 | |
| 331 | Domestic | 523 681 | 1 128 764 | 696 394 | 561 535 | -17 | 148 722 | -13 846 | 771 817 | -24 952 | 0 | |
| 332 | Foreign | 168 023 | 273 943 | 282 866 | 76 885 | 71 650 | 63 000 | 71 331 | 256 130 | 16 755 | 16 755 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

TABLE 13: THE STATE AGENCY FOR DEPOSIT INSURANCE AND BANK REHABILITATION TRANSACTIONS

| | (000 HRK) | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | I - III 2009 | IV - VI 2009 | VII - IX 2009 | X - XII 2009 | Plan 2010 | l - II 2010 | II 2010 | l - II 2010 Plan 2010 |
|-------|--|----------|----------|----------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|----------------|------------|--------------------------|
| 1 | REVENUE (11+12+13+14) | 391 441 | 808 342 | 566 470 | 116 094 | 162 342 | 135 075 | 152 959 | 651 794 | 100 211 | 96 766 | 15.37 |
| 11 | Taxes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 12 | Social security contributions | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 13 | Grants (131+132+133) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 131 | From foreign governments | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 132 | From international organizations | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 133 | From other general government units (1331+1332) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 1331 | Current | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 1332 | Capital | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 14 | Other revenue | 391 441 | 808 342 | 566 470 | 116 094 | 162 342 | 135 075 | 152 959 | 651 794 | 100 211 | 96 766 | 15.37 |
| 2 | EXPENSE (21+22+24+25+26+27+28) | 47 820 | 254 706 | 267 167 | 67 359 | 71 672 | 67 189 | 60 947 | 42 693 | 1 822 | 920 | 4.27 |
| 21 | Compensation of employees (211+212) | 6 076 | 6 966 | 7 159 | 1 778 | 1 772 | 1 835 | 1 774 | 7 570 | 1 174 | 593 | 15.51 |
| 211 | Wages and salaries | 5 208 | 5 972 | 6 134 | 1 523 | 1 521 | 1 570 | 1 520 | 6 564 | 1 006 | 509 | 15.33 |
| 212 | Social contributions | 868 | 994 | 1 025 | 255 | 251 | 265 | 254 | 1 006 | 168 | 84 | 16.70 |
| 22 | Use of goods and services | 20 359 | 10 274 | 5 493 | 963 | 2 458 | 1 115 | 957 | 11 258 | 635 | 319 | 5.64 |
| 24 | Interest | 345 | 8 886 | 736 | 73 | 663 | 0 | 0 | 200 | 0 | 0 | |
| 25 | Subsidies | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 26 | Grants | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 27 | Social benefits | 523 | 704 | 218 | 2 | 55 | 60 | 101 | 2 000 | 0 | 0 | |
| 28 | Other expense | 20 517 | 227 876 | 253 561 | 64 543 | 66 724 | 64 179 | 58 115 | 21 665 | 13 | 8 | 0.06 |
| | Net-gross operating balance (1-2) | 343 621 | 553 636 | 299 303 | 48 735 | 90 670 | 67 886 | 92 012 | 609 101 | 98 389 | 95 846 | |
| 31 | Net acquisition of nonfinancial assets (31,1 - 31,2) | -18 959 | -10 262 | 258 | 27 | 101 | 0 | 130 | 1 012 | 0 | 0 | |
| 31,1 | Acquisition of nonfinancial assets (311,1+312,1+313,1+314,1) | 1 202 | 25 070 | 258 | 27 | 101 | 0 | 130 | 1 012 | 0 | 0 | |
| 31,2 | Disposal of nonfinancial assets (311,2+312.2+313,2+314,2) | 20 161 | 35 332 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 311 | Fixed assets (311,1-311,2-311,3) | -18 959 | 11 540 | 258 | 27 | 101 | 0 | 130 | 1 012 | 0 | 0 | |
| 311,1 | Acquisitions: fixed assets | 1 202 | 25 070 | 258 | 27 | 101 | 0 | 130 | 1 012 | 0 | 0 | |
| 311,2 | Disposals: fixed assets | 20 161 | 13 530 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | Net lending - borrowing (1-2-31) | 362 580 | 563 898 | 299 045 | 48 708 | 90 569 | 67 886 | 91 882 | 608 089 | 98 389 | 95 846 | |
| | Financing (33-32) | -362 580 | -563 898 | -299 045 | -48 708 | -90 569 | -67 886 | -91 882 | -608 089 | -98 389 | -95 846 | |
| 32 | Net acquisition of financial assets (321+322) | 362 580 | 563 898 | 299 045 | 48 708 | 90 569 | 67 886 | 91 882 | 608 089 | 98 389 | 95 846 | |
| 321 | Domestic | 362 580 | 563 898 | 299 045 | 48 708 | 90 569 | 67 886 | 91 882 | 608 089 | 98 389 | 95 846 | |
| 322 | Foreign | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 33 | Net incurrence of liabilities (331+3232) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 331 | Domestic | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 332 | Foreign | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | | - | - | - | - | ÷ | - | - | - | - | - | |

TABLE 14: THE CROATIAN PRIVATIZATION FUND TRANSACTIONS

| | (000 HRK) | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | l - III 2009 | IV - VI 2009 | VII - IX 2009 | X - XII 2009 | Plan 2010 | l - II 2010 | II 2010 | l - II 2010 Plan 2010 |
|-------|---|---------|----------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|----------------|------------|--------------------------|
| 1 | REVENUE (11+12+13+14) | 58 324 | 54 661 | 33 540 | 3 784 | 13 535 | 11 789 | 4 432 | 40 782 | 9 1 2 5 | 8 876 | 22.38 |
| 11 | Taxes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 12 | Social security contributions | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 13 | Grants (131+132+133) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 131 | From foreign governments | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 132 | From international organizations | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 133 | From other general government units (1331+1332) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 1331 | Current | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 1332 | Capital | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 14 | Other revenue | 58 324 | 54 661 | 33 540 | 3 784 | 13 535 | 11 789 | 4 432 | 40 782 | 9 125 | 8 876 | 22.38 |
| 2 | EXPENSE (21+22+24+25+26+27+28) | 88 241 | 87 036 | 81 841 | 20 481 | 20 463 | 18 699 | 22 198 | 82 982 | 11 158 | 5 512 | 13.45 |
| 21 | Compensation of employees (211+212) | 36 285 | 34 453 | 34 265 | 8 533 | 8 555 | 8 609 | 8 568 | 32 700 | 5 578 | 2 775 | 17.06 |
| 211 | Wages and salaries | 31 233 | 29 814 | 29 442 | 7 322 | 7 355 | 7 399 | 7 366 | 28 107 | 4 782 | 2 376 | 17.01 |
| 212 | Social contributions | 5 052 | 4 639 | 4 823 | 1 211 | 1 200 | 1 210 | 1 202 | 4 593 | 796 | 399 | 17.33 |
| 22 | Use of goods and services | 34 173 | 21 771 | 15 041 | 4 522 | 2 545 | 2 836 | 5 138 | 20 237 | 1 705 | 944 | 8.43 |
| 24 | Interest | 17 783 | 30 812 | 32 535 | 7 426 | 9 363 | 7 254 | 8 492 | 30 045 | 3 875 | 1 793 | 12.90 |
| 25 | Subsidies | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 26 | Grants | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 27 | Social benefits | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 28 | Other expense | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | Net-gross operating balance (1-2) | -29 917 | -32 375 | -48 301 | -16 697 | -6 928 | -6 910 | -17 766 | -42 200 | -2 033 | 3 364 | |
| 31 | Net acquisition of nonfinancial assets (31,1 - 31,2) | -23 514 | -141 769 | -14 531 | -8 398 | -4 266 | -2 044 | 177 | -47 600 | -353 | -372 | |
| 31,1 | Acquisition of nonfinancial assets (311,1+312,1+313. 1+314,1) | 3 553 | 2 621 | 839 | 237 | 67 | 0 | 535 | 2 400 | 45 | 0 | 1.88 |
| 31, 2 | Disposal of nonfinancial assets (311,2+312,2+313,2+314,2) | 27 067 | 144 390 | 15 370 | 8 635 | 4 333 | 2 044 | 358 | 50 000 | 398 | 372 | 0.80 |
| 311 | Fixed assets (311,1-311,2-311,3) | -23 514 | -7 358 | -7 240 | -3 570 | -3 929 | -834 | 1 093 | -17 600 | -349 | -372 | |
| 311,1 | Acquisitions: fixed assets | 3 553 | 2 621 | 800 | 26 | 66 | 0 | 708 | 2 400 | 45 | 0 | 1.88 |
| 311,2 | Disposals: fixed assets | 27 067 | 9 979 | 8 040 | 3 596 | 3 995 | 834 | -385 | 20 000 | 394 | 372 | 1.97 |
| | Net lending - borrowing (1-2-31) | -6 403 | 109 394 | -33 770 | -8 299 | -2 662 | -4 866 | -17 943 | 5 400 | -1 680 | 3 736 | |
| | Financing (33-32) | 6 403 | -109 394 | 33 770 | 8 299 | 2 662 | 4 866 | 17 943 | -5 400 | 1 680 | -3 736 | |
| 32 | Net acquisition of financial assets (321+322) | 82 691 | 151 763 | -26 890 | -17 421 | 40 116 | -6 704 | -42 881 | -100 000 | -7 910 | -1 853 | |
| 321 | Domestic | 82 691 | 151 763 | -26 890 | -17 421 | 40 116 | -6 704 | -42 881 | -100 000 | -7 910 | -1 853 | |
| 322 | Foreign | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 33 | Net incurrence of liabilities (331+332) | 89 094 | 42 369 | 6 880 | -9 122 | 42 778 | -1 838 | -24 938 | -105 400 | -6 230 | -5 589 | |
| 331 | Domestic | 106 055 | 60 128 | -26 934 | -4 056 | -8 219 | 4 2 2 9 | -18 888 | -79 600 | -5 700 | -5 313 | |
| 332 | Foreign | -16 961 | -17 759 | 33 814 | -5 066 | 50 997 | -6 067 | -6 050 | -25 800 | -530 | -276 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

TABLE 15: CONSOLIDATED CENTRAL GOVERNMENT BY ECONOMIC CATEGORY

| | (000 HRK) | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | I - III 2009 | IV - VI 2009 | VII - IX 2009 | X - XII 2009 | Plan 2010 | l - II 2010 | II 2010 | l - II 2010 Plan 2010 |
|---|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|--|
| 1 11 111 | Taxes (111+113+114+115+116) Taxes of income and profits and capital gains | 64 234 530 10 589 083 | 120 036 688 69 572 699 12 252 205 | 63 678 926 10 839 269 | 26 821 634 13 547 073 2 502 224 | 27 512 635 15 389 517 3 330 303 | 16 979 849 2 468 658 | 17 762 487 2 538 084 | 116 204 432 65 822 571 9 809 838 | 16 582 151 9 090 043 1 537 114 | 8 697 746 4 784 277 823 837 | 14.27 13.81 15.67 |
| 113 114 1141 11411 | Taxes on property Taxes on goods and services (1141+1142+1144+1145+1146) General taxes on goods and services (11411+11412) Value-added taxes | 578 621 51 099 930 37 916 509 37 747 987 | 635 930 54 482 172 41 474 566 41 308 036 | 532 297 49 238 277 37 173 833 37 050 354 | 125 995 10 447 707 8 152 064 8 121 721 | 151 752 11 388 782 9 022 873 8 990 869 | 122 905 13 453 615 10 073 877 10 043 332 | 131 646 13 948 173 9 925 020 9 894 432 | 561 432 51 117 551 38 955 190 38 822 095 | 59 217 6 841 740 5 054 288 5 036 861 | 29 670 3 594 918 2 668 113 2 659 329 | 10.55 13.38 12.97 12.97 |
| 11412 1142 115 116 | Sales taxes Excises Taxes on international trade and transactions Other taxes | 168 522 12 168 666 1 641 478 325 418 | 166 531 11 875 126 1 900 865 301 527 | 123 479 10 998 910 1 721 164 1 347 920 | 30 342 2 053 881 401 159 69 988 | 32 004 2 093 488 443 664 75 017 | 30 545 3 140 246 457 696 476 974 | 30 588 3 711 295 418 645 725 940 | 133 095 10 981 557 1 750 037 2 583 714 | 17 427 1 621 048 196 826 455 146 | 8 784 838 428 106 217 229 635 | 13.09 14.76 11.25 17.62 |
| 12 13 14 | Social contributions Grants Other revenue | 37 203 486 481 173 11 466 977 | 40 703 484 537 458 9 223 047 | 39 994 739 651 853 9 761 372 | 9 913 476 197 160 3 163 925 | 9 989 663 142 346 1 991 109 | 10 109 025 116 454 2 216 001 | 9 982 575 195 894 2 390 338 | 40 328 591 1 297 110 8 756 160 | 6 167 222 52 538 1 272 348 | 3 101 746 21 949 789 774 | 15.29 4.05 14.53 |
| 2 21 211 212 22 24 25 26 27 28 | EXPENSE (21+22+24+25+26+27+28) Compensation of employees (211+212) Wages and salaries Social contributions Use of goods and services Interest Subsidies Grants Social benefits Other expense | 109 074 989 28 154 625 23 761 684 4 392 941 10 517 315 5 461 240 6 510 563 3 539 882 48 176 512 6 714 852 | 118 686 014 30 230 323 25 696 005 4 534 318 11 468 405 4 900 838 6 898 830 4 067 622 52 593 918 8 526 078 | 120 553 914 31 574 921 26 801 199 4 773 722 9 844 323 5 509 814 6 799 706 4 117 984 56 148 716 6 558 450 | 29 564 804 8 012 092 6 777 008 1 235 083 2 429 192 1 895 998 1 553 614 822 381 13 520 212 1 331 315 | 30 356 535 7 809 994 6 608 771 1 201 222 2 574 502 1 203 547 2 119 326 1 160 747 13 872 768 1 615 653 | 30 352 187 7 937 149 6 755 195 1 181 954 2 646 420 1 280 660 1 599 028 1 217 758 14 044 290 1 626 882 | 30 280 389 7 815 687 6 660 225 1 155 462 2 194 210 1 129 609 1 527 739 917 098 14 711 445 1 984 601 | 121 626 333 31 733 914 26 936 609 4 797 305 10 500 305 6 219 380 5 983 157 4 020 870 56 523 467 6 645 239 | 19 638 258 5 150 934 4 351 853 799 081 1 427 608 1 006 187 1 002 156 933 181 9 083 838 1 034 353 | 10 009 447 2 573 964 2 175 664 398 300 789 551 546 831 585 024 386 739 4 610 555 516 784 | 16.15 16.23 16.16 16.66 13.60 16.18 16.75 23.21 16.07 15.57 |
| | NET-GROSS OPERATING BALANCE (1-2) | 4 311 176 | 1 350 674 | -6 467 025 | -2 743 170 | -2 843 901 | -930 859 | 50 904 | -5 421 901 | -3 056 106 | -1 311 701 | |
| 3 | CHANGE IN NET WORTH: TRANSACTIONS (31+32-33) | 4 311 176 | 1 350 674 | -6 467 025 | -2 743 170 | -2 843 901 | -930 859 | 50 904 | -5 421 901 | -3 056 106 | -1 311 701 | |
| 31 311 312 313 314 | NET ACQUISITION OF NONFINANCIAL ASSETS (311+312+313+314) Fixed assets Inventories Valuables Nonproduced assets | 7 810 956 7 526 800 -161 383 9 620 435 919 | 4 228 199 3 883 625 79 444 10 126 255 005 | 3 601 139 3 230 665 35 412 8 929 326 133 | 658 006 520 468 1 347 1 408 134 784 | 567 642 511 926 3 463 4 372 47 881 | 919 949 786 690 30 696 1 244 101 319 | 1 455 542 1 411 581 -94 1 906 42 149 | 3 669 518 3 484 995 10 990 3 437 170 097 | 331 355 302 461 -18 818 28 094 | 211 702 186 920 -1 813 23 970 | 9.03 8.68 23.81 16.52 |
| | NET LENDING-BORROWING (1-2-31) | -3 499 780 | -2 877 526 | -10 068 164 | -3 401 176 | -3 411 542 | -1 850 808 | -1 404 638 | -9 091 420 | -3 387 461 | -1 523 403 | |
| | TRANSACTIONS IN FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (FINANCING) (33-32) | 3 499 780 | 2 877 526 | 10 068 164 | 3 401 176 | 3 411 542 | 1 850 808 | 1 404 638 | 9 091 420 | 3 387 461 | 1 523 403 | |
| 32 321 322 323 | NET ACQUISITION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS (321+322+323) Domestic Foreign Monetary gold and SDRs | -2 939 156 -2 957 192 18 036 0 | 2 776 564 2 764 119 12 445 0 | 7 363 868 7 361 520 2 348 0 | 1 446 410 1 446 410 0 0 | 1 175 364 1 174 463 901 0 | 62 649 62 649 0 0 | 4 679 445 4 677 998 1 447 0 | 2 091 597 2 091 597 0 0 | -4 228 990 -4 228 990 0 0 | -2 194 748 -2 194 748 0 0 | |
| 33 331 332 | NET INCURRENCE OF LIABILITIES (331+332) Domestic Foreign | 560 624 2 017 095 -1 456 471 | 5 654 090 6 795 747 -1 141 657 | 17 432 032 10 130 239 7 301 793 | 4 847 586 8 840 286 -3 992 700 | 4 586 906 117 251 4 469 656 | 1 913 457 2 309 709 -396 252 | 6 084 083 -1 137 006 7 221 090 | 11 183 017 1 276 076 9 906 941 | -841 529 1 568 953 -2 410 482 | -671 346 1 516 796 -2 188 142 | |

TABLE 16: CONSOLIDATED CENTRAL GOVERNMENT ACCORDING TO GOVERNMENT LEVEL

| | (000 HRK) | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | l - III 2009 | IV - VI 2009 | VII - IX 2009 | X - XII 2009 | Plan 2010 | l - II 2010 | II 2010 | l - II 2010 Plan 2010 |
|------------------|--|---|---|---|--|---|--|---|---|--|---|--|
| 1 | REVENUE (A+B) A) Budgetary Central Government B) Extrabudgetary Users (1++9) 1. Croatian Institute for Pension Insurance | | 120 036 688 115 766 517 4 270 171 | | 26 821 634 26 019 698 801 936 | 27 512 635 26 598 410 914 225 | 29 421 328 28 375 011 1 046 317 | | 116 204 432 112 578 913 3 625 519 | 16 582 151 16 073 987 508 164 | 8 697 746 8 347 052 350 694 | 14.27 14.28 14.02 |
| | 2. Croatian Health Insurance Institute 3. Croatian Employment Service 4. Croatian Waters 5. Environment Protection Fund | 2 041 209 1 102 946 | - - 2 105 011 1 221 187 | 1 954 250 1 168 578 | 412 952 249 804 | 433 809 284 167 | - - 584 774 292 692 | - - 522 715 341 915 | 1 813 000 1 060 350 | 206 309 163 102 | - - 110 730 107 529 | 11.38 15.38 |
| | Croatian Motorways Ltd Croatian Roads Ltd State Agency for Deposit Insurance and Bank Rehabilitation Croatian Privatization Fund | 1 375 336 119 946 391 441 58 324 | 80 970 808 342 54 661 | 112 840 566 470 33 540 | 19 302 116 094 3 784 | 20 372 162 342 13 535 | 21 987 135 075 11 789 | 51 179 152 959 4 432 | 59 593 651 794 40 782 | 29 417 100 211 9 125 | 26 793 96 766 8 876 | 49.36 15.37 22.38 |
| 2 | EXPENSE (A+B) A) Budgetary Central Government B) Extrabudgetary Users (1++9) 1. Croatian Institute for Pension Insurance | | 118 686 014 113 309 501 5 376 513 | | 29 564 804 28 622 006 942 798 | 30 356 535 29 208 262 1 148 273 | 30 352 187 29 026 620 1 325 567 | | 121 626 333 117 385 566 4 240 767 | 19 638 258 19 244 178 394 080 | 10 009 447 9 792 818 216 629 | 16.15 16.39 9.29 |
| | Croatian Health Insurance Institute Croatian Employment Service Croatian Waters Environment Protection Fund Croatian Motorways Ltd | - 2 099 001 1 083 268 1 509 844 | 2 335 424 1 106 720 | - 1 742 098 1 159 136 | - 271 361 198 167 | - 538 165 249 954 - | - 543 849 313 609 | - 388 723 397 406 | - 1 799 468 1 041 127 - | 42 329 166 903 | 21 039 78 103 | 2.35 16.03 |
| | 7. Croatian Roads Ltd 8. State Agency for Deposit Insurance and Bank Rehabilitation 9. Croatian Privatization Fund | 1 241 899 47 820 88 241 | 1 592 627 254 706 87 036 | 1 048 486 267 167 81 841 | 385 430 67 359 20 481 | 268 019 71 672 20 463 | 382 221 67 189 18 699 | 12 816 60 947 22 198 | 1 274 497 42 693 82 982 | 171 868 1 822 11 158 | 111 055 920 5 512 | 13.49 4.27 13.45 |
| | NET-GROSS OPERATING BALANCE (1-2) | 4 311 176 | 1 350 674 | -6 467 025 | -2 743 170 | -2 843 901 | -930 859 | 50 904 | -5 421 901 | -3 056 106 | -1 311 701 | |
| 3 | CHANGE IN NET WORTH: TRANSACTIONS (31+32-33) | 4 311 176 | 1 350 674 | -6 467 025 | -2 743 170 | -2 843 901 | -930 859 | 50 904 | -5 421 901 | -3 056 106 | -1 311 701 | |
| 31 | NET ACQUISITION OF NONFINANCIAL ASSETS Acquisition (A+B) A) Budgetary Central Government B) Extrabudgetary Users Disposals (A+B) A) Budgetary Central Government B) Extrabudgetary Users | 7 810 956 8 378 646 3 043 906 5 334 740 567 689 498 685 69 004 | 4 228 199 4 713 229 3 291 549 1 421 680 485 029 303 419 181 610 | 3 601 139 3 926 849 2 267 406 1 659 443 325 710 304 005 21 705 | 658 006 738 193 475 073 263 120 80 187 71 398 8 789 | 567 642 648 932 442 817 206 115 81 290 71 686 9 604 | 919 949 1 005 554 635 010 370 544 85 605 82 799 2 806 | 1 455 542 1 534 170 714 506 819 664 78 628 78 122 506 | 3 669 518 3 970 928 2 362 256 1 608 672 301 410 250 410 51 000 | 331 355 379 349 259 464 119 885 47 994 47 487 507 | 211 702 239 255 150 138 89 117 27 553 27 120 433 | 9.03 9.55 10.98 7.45 15.92 18.96 0.99 |
| | NET LENDING-BORROWING (1-2-31) | -3 499 780 | -2 877 526 | -10 068 164 | -3 401 176 | -3 411 542 | -1 850 808 | -1 404 638 | -9 091 420 | -3 387 461 | -1 523 403 | |
| | TRANSACTIONS IN FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (FINANCING) (33-32) | 3 499 780 | 2 877 526 | 10 068 164 | 3 401 176 | 3 411 542 | 1 850 808 | 1 404 638 | 9 091 420 | 3 387 461 | 1 523 403 | |
| 32 321 322 | NET ACQUISITION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS (321+322+323) Domestic (A+B) A) Budgetary Central Government B) Extrabudgetary Users Foreign (A+B) A) Budgetary Central Government | -2 939 156 -2 957 192 -3 752 817 795 625 18 036 18 036 | 2 776 564 2 764 119 1 690 502 1 073 617 12 445 12 445 | 7 363 868 7 361 520 6 823 196 538 324 2 348 2 348 | 1 446 410 1 446 410 983 896 462 514 0 0 | 1 175 364 1 174 463 1 232 411 -57 948 901 901 | 62 649 62 649 77 290 -14 641 0 0 | 4 679 445 4 677 998 4 529 599 148 399 1 447 1 447 | 2 091 597 2 091 597 1 569 860 521 737 0 0 | -4 228 990 -4 228 990 -4 442 289 213 299 0 0 | -2 194 748 -2 194 748 -2 421 569 226 821 0 0 | |
| 323 | B) Extrabudgetary Users Monetary gold and SDRs | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 33 331 | NET INCURRENCE OF LIABILITIES (331+332) Domestic (A+B) A) Budgetary Central Government B) Extrabudgetary Users | 560 624 2 017 095 1 477 615 539 480 | 5 654 090 6 795 747 5 656 636 1 139 111 | 17 432 032 10 130 239 9 576 610 553 629 | 4 847 586 8 840 286 8 304 096 536 190 | 4 586 906 117 251 162 863 -45 612 | 1 913 457 2 309 709 2 177 080 132 629 | 6 084 083 -1 137 006 -1 067 428 -69 578 | 11 183 017 1 276 076 487 834 788 242 | -841 529 1 568 953 1 595 534 -26 581 | -671 346 1 516 796 1 526 838 -10 042 | |
| 332 | Foreign (A+B) A) Budgetary Central Government B) Extrabudgetary Users | -1 456 471 -2 980 166 1 523 695 | -1 141 657 -1 445 788 304 131 | 7 301 793 6 878 380 423 413 | -3 992 700 -4 096 186 103 486 | 4 469 656 4 329 508 140 148 | -396 252 -480 943 84 691 | 7 221 090 7 126 002 95 088 | 9 906 941 9 694 511 212 430 | -2 410 482 -2 421 856 11 374 | -2 188 142 -2 204 621 16 479 | |

MEASURES OF CONSOLIDATED CENTRAL GOVERNMENT DEFICIT/SURPLUS

TABLE 16A: OPERATING BALANCE AND PRIMARY OPERATING BALANCE (000 HRK)

| | Revenues (1) | Expenditures (2) | Operating balance | Interest payments (24) | Primary operating balance |
|--|---|--|---|---|--|
| | (1) | (2) | (3) 1-2 | (4) | (5) 3+4 |
| I 2008 II IV V VI VII VII VII X X XI XII I-XII 2008 | $\begin{array}{c} 10\ 060\ 978\\ 9\ 117\ 172\\ 8\ 983\ 314\\ 11\ 736\ 173\\ 9\ 681\ 086\\ 9\ 802\ 818\\ 11\ 690\ 868\\ 9\ 307\ 884\\ 9\ 802\ 137\\ 10\ 407\ 904\\ 8\ 939\ 276\\ 10\ 507\ 077\\ 120\ 036\ 687\\ \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 7 \ 986 \ 792 \\ 9 \ 281 \ 071 \\ 9 \ 209 \ 249 \\ 9 \ 695 \ 641 \\ 9 \ 470 \ 466 \\ 9 \ 524 \ 898 \\ 10 \ 612 \ 274 \\ 9 \ 077 \ 156 \\ 9 \ 870 \ 361 \\ 9 \ 575 \ 840 \\ 9 \ 513 \ 498 \\ 14 \ 868 \ 769 \\ 118 \ 686 \ 014 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 2\ 074\ 186\\ -163\ 899\\ -225\ 934\\ 2\ 040\ 532\\ 210\ 621\\ 277\ 921\\ 1\ 078\ 594\\ 230\ 728\\ -68\ 224\\ 832\ 064\\ -574\ 222\\ -4\ 361\ 692\\ 1\ 350\ 674 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 296\ 016\\ 1\ 106\ 805\\ 371\ 157\\ 294\ 547\\ 359\ 791\\ 398\ 097\\ 303\ 806\\ 398\ 899\\ 406\ 414\\ 183\ 998\\ 214\ 600\\ 566\ 709\\ 4\ 900\ 838\\ \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 2 \ 370 \ 202 \\ 942 \ 906 \\ 145 \ 223 \\ 2 \ 335 \ 078 \\ 570 \ 412 \\ 676 \ 018 \\ 1 \ 382 \ 400 \\ 629 \ 626 \\ 338 \ 190 \\ 1 \ 016 \ 062 \\ -359 \ 623 \\ -3 \ 794 \ 982 \\ 6 \ 251 \ 512 \end{array}$ |
| I-AII 2008 I 2009 II IIV VV VI VII VII VII VII VII VII V | $\begin{array}{c} 120\ 036\ 667\\ 8\ 177\ 225\\ 8\ 458\ 789\\ 10\ 185\ 620\\ 10\ 633\ 564\\ 7\ 875\ 330\\ 9\ 003\ 741\\ 10\ 024\ 156\\ 9\ 536\ 933\\ 9\ 860\ 239\\ 9\ 874\ 437\\ 9\ 459\ 528\\ 10\ 997\ 328\\ 114\ 086\ 889\\ 7\ 884\ 406\\ 8\ 697\ 746\end{array}$ | 110 000 014 8 905 751 9 731 253 10 927 800 10 923 844 9 394 401 10 038 290 10 271 810 9 655 884 10 424 493 9 9276 889 9 900 133 11 103 367 120 553 914 9 628 811 10 009 447 | - 728 525 - 1 272 464 - 742 180 - 290 281 - 1 519 071 - 1 034 549 - 247 654 - 118 951 - 564 254 597 548 - 440 605 - 106 039 - 6 467 025 - 1 744 406 - 1 311 701 | $\begin{array}{c} 4 \ 900 \ 836 \\ 261 \ 966 \\ 757 \ 692 \\ 876 \ 340 \\ 435 \ 957 \\ 337 \ 534 \\ 430 \ 055 \\ 237 \ 419 \\ 395 \ 009 \\ 648 \ 233 \\ 122 \ 697 \\ 324 \ 523 \\ 682 \ 389 \\ 5 \ 509 \ 814 \\ 459 \ 356 \\ 546 \ 831 \end{array}$ | 6 231 312 -466 559 -514 772 134 160 145 676 -1 181 537 -604 493 -10 235 276 058 83 979 720 244 -116 081 576 350 -957 211 -1 285 050 -764 870 |

MEASURES OF CONSOLIDATED CENTRAL GOVERNMENT DEFICIT/SURPLUS

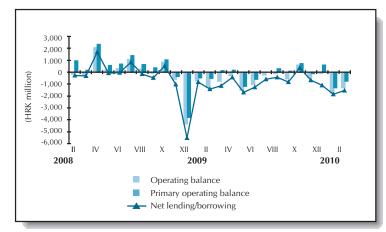


TABLE 16B: NET LENDING/BORROWING (000 HRK)

| | Operating | Net nonfinancial | Net lending/ | Financing | Net financial | Net incurrence |
|--|--|--|--|---|---|---------------------|
| | balance | assets (31) | borrowing* | (33-32) | assets (32) | of liabilities (33) |
| | (1) | (2) | (3) 1-2 | (4) 6-5 | (5) | (6) |
| I 2008 II III IV V VI VII XX XI XII IZ009 II IV V VI VI VI VI VI VI VI | $(1) \\ 2 074 186 \\ -163 899 \\ -225 934 \\ 2 040 532 \\ 2 10 621 \\ 277 921 \\ 1 078 594 \\ 2 30 728 \\ -68 224 \\ 832 064 \\ -574 222 \\ -4 361 692 \\ 1 350 674 \\ -728 525 \\ -1 272 464 \\ -742 180 \\ -290 281 \\ -1519 071 \\ -1 034 549 \\ -247 654 \\ -118 951 \\ -564 254 \\ 597 548 \\ -40 605 \\ -106 039 \\ -6 467 025 \\ -1 744 406 \\ -1744 \\ -1744 406 \\ -1744 406 \\ -1744 406 \\ -1744 \\ -17$ | $(2) \\111 405 \\118 935 \\70 680 \\361 430 \\280 640 \\312 951 \\263 804 \\369 723 \\406 438 \\310 220 \\445 740 \\1 176 232 \\4 228 199 \\90 270 \\145 728 \\422 009 \\152 704 \\182 532 \\232 406 \\330 408 \\334 943 \\254 598 \\240 774 \\228 849 \\985 919 \\3 601 139 \\119 653 \\$ | (3) 1-2 1 962 781 -282 834 -282 834 -296 614 1 679 102 -70 020 -35 030 814 791 -138 996 -474 662 521 844 -1 019 962 -5 537 924 -2 877 526 -818 795 -1 418 192 -1 164 189 -442 985 -1 701 603 -1 266 954 -578 062 -453 894 -818 852 356 773 -669 453 -1 091 958 -1 006 164 -1 864 058 | (4) 6-5 $-1 962 781$ $282 834$ $296 614$ $-1 679 102$ $70 020$ $35 030$ $-814 791$ $138 996$ $474 662$ $-521 844$ $1 019 962$ $5 537 924$ $2 877 526$ $818 795$ $1 418 192$ $1 164 189$ $442 985$ $1 701 603$ $1 266 954$ $578 062$ $453 894$ $818 852$ $-356 773$ $669 453$ $1 091 958$ $10 068 164$ $1 864 058$ | $(5) \\1163596 \\131461 \\676787 \\1326194 \\-278016 \\31130 \\1055427 \\-700603 \\-465016 \\617710 \\980730 \\-1762834 \\2776564 \\1598685 \\-1253610 \\1101335 \\1425819 \\-1664866 \\1414411 \\-342097 \\162747 \\241999 \\563348 \\4228630 \\-112533 \\7363868 \\-2034242 \\$ | |
| II | -1 311 701 | 211 702 | -1 523 403 | 1 523 403 | -2 194 748 | -671 346 |
| I-II 2010 | -3 056 106 | 331 355 | -3 387 461 | 3 387 461 | -4 228 990 | -841 529 |

* Deficit/surplus according to the GFS 2001 methodology

| | | 31. 12. | 2002.§ | 31. 12. | 2003.§ | 31. 12. 2 | 2004.§ | 31.12.2 | 005.§ | 31. 12. 2 | 006.§ | 31. 12. 2 | 007.§ | 31. 12. 2 | 008.§ | 31. 3. 20 |)09.§ | 30. 6. 20 | 09.§ | 30. 9. 20 | 09.§ | 31. 12. 2 | 009.§ | 30.1.2 | 010.§ | 28. 2. 201 | 10. [§] |
|-----|--|----------|--------|----------|--------|-----------|--------|------------|-------|------------|-------|-----------|-------|------------|-------|------------|-------|------------|------|------------|-------|-----------|-------|-----------|-------|------------|------------------|
| | | mil. HRK | % GDP | mil. HRK | % GDP | mil. HRK | % GDP | mil. HRK 9 | % GDP | mil. HRK 9 | % GDP | mil. HRK | % GDP | mil. HRK % | 6 GDP | mil. HRK % | 6 GDP | mil. HRK % | GDP | mil. HRK % | 6 GDP | mil. HRK | % GDP | mil. HRK | % GDP | mil. HRK % | 6 GDP |
| A | Foreign debt (A1+A2+A3) | 40 240.4 | 19.3 | 45 676.4 | 20.1 | 50 240.7 | 20.5 | 45 363.6 | 17.2 | 41 660.5 | 14.5 | 39 658.2 | 12.6 | 30 286.8 | 8.9 | 27 089.4 | 8.1 | 29 710.3 | 8.9 | 29 817.2 | 9.0 | 37 510.1 | 11.3 | 37 783.7 | 11.2 | 35 665.7 | 10.6 |
| | 1. Central Government foreign debt | 37 432.1 | 18.0 | 41 041.9 | 18.1 | 42 231.2 | 17.2 | 36 414.5 | 13.8 | 32 556.6 | 11.4 | 29 424.0 | 9.4 | 28 459.4 | 8.3 | 25 287.0 | 7.6 | 27 917.8 | 8.4 | 28 104.7 | 8.4 | 35 786.0 | 10.7 | 36 054.1 | 10.7 | 33 925.0 | 10.0 |
| | 2. Foreign debt of Extrabudgetary Users | 2 585.1 | 1.2 | 4 285.6 | 1.9 | 7 747.0 | 3.2 | 8 749.8 | 3.3 | 8 938.2 | 3.1 | 10 186.7 | 3.2 | 1 800.3 | 0.5 | 1 779.7 | 0.5 | 1 774.2 | 0.5 | 1 698.8 | 0.5 | 1 715.1 | 0.5 | 1 720.5 | 0.5 | 1 731.7 | 0.5 |
| | 3. Local Government foreign debt | 223.3 | 0.1 | 348.9 | 0.2 | 262.5 | 0.1 | 199.2 | 0.1 | 165.7 | 0.1 | 47.5 | 0.0 | 27.1 | 0.0 | 22.6 | 0.0 | 18.2 | 0.0 | 13.8 | 0.0 | 9.0 | 0.0 | 9.0 | 0.0 | 9.0 | 0.0 |
| В | Domestic debt (B1+B2+B3) | 32 391.1 | 15.6 | 35 697.0 | 15.7 | 42 714.7 | 17.4 | 56 121.2 | 21.2 | 60 852.4 | 21.3 | 64 812.6 | 20.6 | 69 859.3 | 20.4 | 78 808.2 | 23.7 | 79 374.4 | 23.8 | 80 749.1 | 24.2 | 80 334.7 | 24.1 | 80 486.2 | 23.8 | 81 724.0 | 24.2 |
| | 1. Central Government domestic debt | 23 426.7 | 11.3 | 28 242.9 | 12.4 | 37 364.0 | 15.2 | 50 840.7 | 19.2 | 54 490.4 | 19.0 | 56 883.1 | 18.1 | 64 961.8 | 19.0 | 72 876.9 | 21.9 | 73 517.0 | 22.1 | 75 075.8 | 22.5 | 74 473.7 | 22.4 | 74 666.5 | 22.1 | 75 937.9 | 22.5 |
| | 2. Domestic debt of Extrabudgetary Users | 7 729.5 | 3.7 | 6 317.1 | 2.8 | 3 931.2 | 1.6 | 3 953.5 | 1.5 | 5 198.0 | 1.8 | 6 357.8 | 2.0 | 3 035.0 | 0.9 | 4 055.7 | 1.2 | 3 916.8 | 1.2 | 3 752.9 | 1.1 | 3 794.4 | 1.1 | 3 753.1 | 1.1 | 3 719.4 | 1.1 |
| | 3. Local Government domestic debt | 1 234.8 | 0.6 | 1 137.0 | 0.5 | 1 419.6 | 0.6 | 1 327.1 | 0.5 | 1 164.1 | 0.4 | 1 571.7 | 0.5 | 1 862.5 | 0.5 | 1 875.6 | 0.6 | 1 940.5 | 0.6 | 1 920.4 | 0.6 | 2 066.6 | 0.6 | 2 066.6 | 0.6 | 2 066.6 | 0.6 |
| C | General Government total debt* (C1+C2+C3) | 72 631.5 | 34.9 | 81 373.4 | 35.8 | 92 955.4 | 37.9 | 101 484.8 | 38.4 | 102 512.9 | 35.8 | 104 470.8 | 33.2 | 100 146.2 | 29.3 | 105 897.6 | 31.8 | 109 084.6 | 32.8 | 110 566.4 | 33.2 | 117 844.9 | 35.4 | 118 269.8 | 35.0 | 117 389.6 | 34.7 |
| | 1. Central Government total debt (A1+B1) | 60 858.8 | 29.2 | 69 284.8 | 30.5 | 79 595.1 | 32.4 | 87 255.2 | 33.0 | 87 047.0 | 30.4 | 86 307.1 | 27.5 | 93 421.2 | 27.3 | 98 163.9 | 29.5 | 101 434.8 | 30.5 | 103 180.5 | 31.0 | 110 259.7 | 33.1 | 110 720.6 | 32.8 | 109 862.9 | 32.5 |
| | 2. Total debt of Extrabudgetary Users (A2+B2) | 10 314.6 | 5.0 | 10 602.7 | 4.7 | 11 678.2 | 4.8 | 12 703.2 | 4.8 | 14 136.1 | 4.9 | 16 544.5 | 5.3 | 4 835.4 | 1.4 | 5 835.5 | 1.8 | 5 691.1 | 1.7 | 5 451.7 | 1.6 | 5 509.6 | 1.7 | 5 473.6 | 1.6 | 5 451.1 | 1.6 |
| | 3. Local Government total debt (A3+B3) | 1 458.1 | 0.7 | 1 485.9 | 0.7 | 1 682.1 | 0.7 | 1 526.3 | 0.6 | 1 329.8 | 0.5 | 1 619.3 | 0.5 | 1 889.6 | 0.6 | 1 898.3 | 0.6 | 1 958.7 | 0.6 | 1 934.2 | 0.6 | 2 075.6 | 0.6 | 2 075.6 | 0.6 | 2 075.6 | 0.6 |
| | l guarantees ne Republic of Croatia | 16 079.2 | 7.7 | 15 419.2 | 6.8 | 12 262.3 | 5.0 | 12 455.1 | 4.7 | 14 188.2 | 5.0 | 17 399.0 | 5.5 | 33 835.5 | 9.9 | 34 958.6 | 10.5 | 34 810.7 | 10.5 | 37 110.4 | 11.1 | 38 209.2 | 11.5 | 38 154.7 | 11.3 | 39 315.3 | 11.6 |
| | Foreign guarantees | 8 655.3 | 4.2 | 8 622.7 | 3.8 | 7 710.4 | 3.1 | 7 186.7 | 2.7 | 6 935.9 | 2.4 | 9 531.2 | 3.0 | 21 388.3 | 6.3 | 21 681.3 | 6.5 | 21 632.3 | 6.5 | 23 511.8 | 7.1 | 22 597.8 | 6.8 | 22 519.5 | 6.7 | 22 839.5 | 6.8 |
| | Domestic guarantees | 7 423.8 | 3.6 | 6 796.5 | 3.0 | 4 551.9 | 1.9 | 5 268.5 | 2.0 | 7 252.3 | 2.5 | 7 867.8 | 2.5 | 12 447.2 | 3.6 | 13 277.3 | 4.0 | 13 178.4 | 4.0 | 13 598.6 | 4.1 | 15 611.4 | 4.7 | 15 635.2 | 4.6 | 16 475.8 | 4.9 |
| Tot | l debt of HBOR | 3 824.8 | 1.8 | 4 925.3 | 2.2 | 5 841.5 | 2.4 | 7 139.4 | 2.7 | 7 686.3 | 2.7 | 9 662.3 | 3.1 | 10 813.0 | 3.2 | 11 128.8 | 3.3 | 11 676.3 | 3.5 | 13 723.9 | 4.1 | 12 323.7 | 3.7 | 12 170.2 | 3.6 | 12 181.2 | 3.6 |
| | Foreign debt of HBOR | 3 382.5 | 1.6 | 4 597.3 | 2.0 | 5 459.3 | 2.2 | 6 605.1 | 2.5 | 7 338.8 | 2.6 | 9 471.5 | 3.0 | 10 005.1 | 2.9 | 10 466.0 | 3.1 | 11 032.4 | 3.3 | 13 077.0 | 3.9 | 12 282.2 | 3.7 | 12 128.7 | 3.6 | 12 140.0 | 3.6 |
| | Domestic debt of HBOR | 442.3 | 0.2 | 328.1 | 0.1 | 382.2 | 0.2 | 534.2 | 0.2 | 347.5 | 0.1 | 190.7 | 0.1 | 807.9 | 0.2 | 662.8 | 0.2 | 643.9 | 0.2 | 646.8 | 0.2 | 41.4 | 0.0 | 41.5 | 0.0 | 41.2 | 0.0 |

* According to the new Budget Act (OG, No. 87/08), public debt is defined as the debt of the General budget.

Source: Ministry of Finance, CBS for GDP

PUBLIC DEBT¹ AT THE END OF FEBRUARY 2010

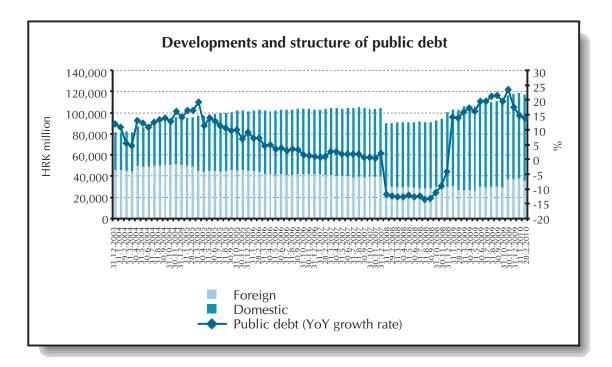
Public debt of the Republic of Croatia decreased by HRK 880.2 million in February 2010 in comparison to January 2010. The share of public debt in GDP stood at the level of 34.7 percent at the end of February 2010. The foreign component of public debt decreased by HRK 2.1 billion due to the decrease of the foreign debt of Central Government, in comparison to January 2010. The domestic component of the total public debt recorded an increase compared to the previous month's stock in the amount of HRK 1.2 billion as a result of an increase of the Central Government domestic debt.

As per government level, the largest part of the public debt refers to the Central Government (HRK 109.9 billion), the debt of Extrabudgetary Users amounted to HRK 5.5 billion while the debt of the Local Government amounted to HRK 2.1 billion. The Central Government is mostly financed on the domestic market. Therefore, its domestic component recorded a share of 69.1 percent in the total Central Government debt. The Local

Government has also been mostly financed domestically, recording a 99.6 percent of its domestic component in the total Local Government debt. Also, domestic component, with a share of 68.2 percent prevails in the debt of Extrabudgetary Users.

Total guarantees issued by the Republic of Croatia at the end of February 2010 increased by HRK 1.2 billion in comparison to January 2010, as a result of an increase of domestic and foreign guarantees, and recorded a level of 11.6 percent of GDP. Foreign guarantees account for 58.1 percent of total guarantees of the Republic of Croatia.

The total debt of the HBOR at the end of February 2010 amounted to HRK 12.2 billion and 3.6 percent of GDP. This is almost entirely the result of foreign borrowings, since 99.7 percent of the total debt of the HBOR refers to its foreign component. In comparison to January 2010, the total debt of the HBOR increased by HRK 11 million, as a result of an increase in its foreign component.



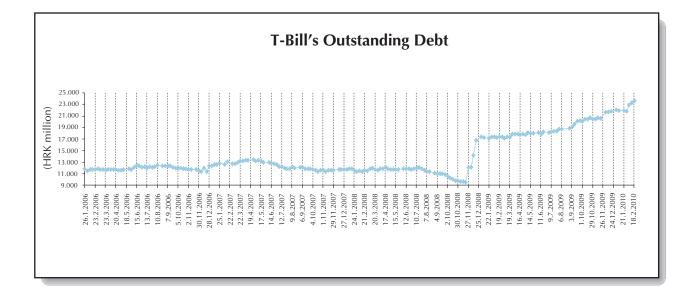
¹ According to the new Budget Act (OG, No. 87/08), public debt is defined as the debt of the General budget.

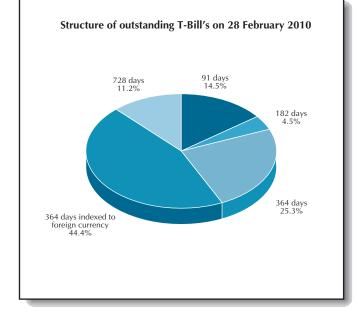
TABLE 21: CONSOLIDATED CENTRAL GOVERNMENT DOMESTIC DEBT DOMESTIC DEBT STOCK IN 000 (28 FEBRUARY 2010)

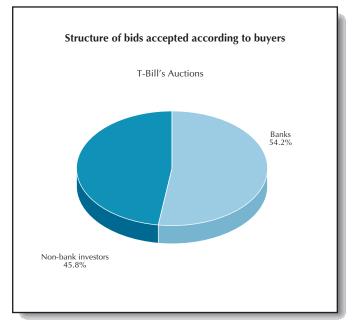
| Debt item: | Currency | Stock | Stock / HRK: | Maturity: | Interest rate: |
|---------------------------|----------|------------|--------------|-----------|----------------|
| Big Bonds - Series I | HRK | 2 140 826 | 2 140 826 | 2011 | 5.00% |
| Big Bonds - Series II | EUR | 22 283 | 162 008 | 2011 | 7.20% |
| Big Bonds - Series III | EUR | 21 148 | 153 761 | 2012 | 7.20% |
| Bonds - Series 03 D-12 | EUR | 500 000 | 3 635 268 | 2012 | 6.875% |
| Bonds - Series 05 D-14 | EUR | 650 000 | 4 725 848 | 2014 | 5.50% |
| Bonds - Series 07 D-19 | EUR | 500 000 | 3 635 268 | 2019 | 5.375% |
| Bonds - Series 08 D-10 | HRK | 3 000 000 | 3 000 000 | 2010 | 6.75% |
| Bonds - Series 09 D-15 | EUR | 350 000 | 2 544 688 | 2015 | 4.25% |
| Bonds - Series 10 D-15 | HRK | 5 500 000 | 5 500 000 | 2015 | 5.25% |
| Bonds - Series 11 D-13 | HRK | 4 000 000 | 4 000 000 | 2013 | 4.50% |
| Bonds - Series 12 D-17 | HRK | 5 500 000 | 5 500 000 | 2017 | 4.75% |
| BRA Bonds II | EUR | 7 942 | 57 743 | 2012 | 5.00% |
| BRA Bonds III | EUR | 21 929 | 159 438 | 2012 | 7.20% |
| BRA Bonds IV | EUR | 10 871 | 79 041 | 2012 | 5.00% |
| Syndicated FX Ioan I | EUR | 500 000 | 3 635 268 | 2010 | 5.45% |
| Syndicated FX Ioan II | EUR | 760 000 | 5 525 607 | 2010 | 4.71% |
| Syndicated FX Ioan III | EUR | 750 000 | 5 452 902 | 2010 | 6.90% |
| Medium and long term debt | | | 49 907 666 | | |
| Treasury Bills | HRK | 13 137 000 | 13 137 000 | | |
| | EUR | 1 445 265 | 10 507 851 | | |
| Other short-term debt | HRK | 160 000 | 160 000 | | |
| Short-term debt | | | 23 804 851 | | |
| Total debt | | | 73 712 517 | | |

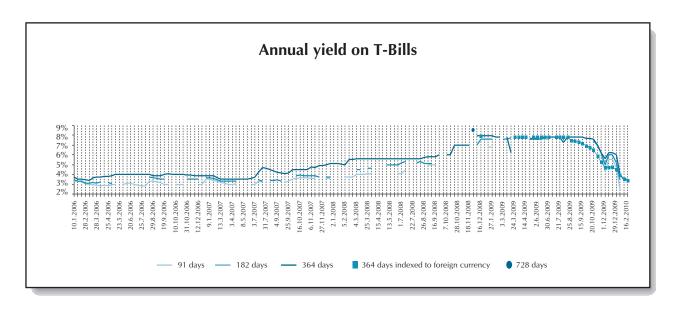
TABLE 22: RESULTS OF TREASURY BILL'S AUCTIONS HELD BY THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE

| (000 HRK) | | | 91 days | | | | 182 days | | | | 364 days | | | | 364 days | | | | 728 days | |
|----------------------------|---------------|-----------|---|---|---------------|------------------------------------|---|---|----------------------|------------------------------------|---|---|-------------------|---------|---|---|---------------|------------------------------------|---|---|
| Day of Auction | Size (HRK) | bids | Weighted average of the bids received (HRK) / Yielding (%) | Uniform price allocation per 100 HRK (HRK) / Yielding (%) | Size (HRK) | Total bids received (HRK) | Weighted average of the bids received (HRK) / Yielding (%) | Uniform price allocation per 100 HRK (HRK) / Yielding (%) | Size (HRK) | Total bids received (HRK) | Weighted average of the bids received (HRK) / Yielding (%) | Uniform price allocation per 100 HRK (HRK) / Yielding (%) | Size (EUR) | bids | Weighted average of the bids received (EUR) / Yielding (%) | Uniform price allocation per 100 EUR (EUR) / Yielding (%) | Size (HRK) | Total bids received (HRK) | Weighted average of the bids received (HRK) / Yielding (%) | Uniform price allocation per 100 HRK (HRK) / Yielding (%) |
| 10.2.2009. | | | | | | | | | 104 000 | 104 000 | 92.803 / 7.78% | 92.783 / 7.80% | | | | | | | | |
| 17.2.2009. | 50 000 | 50 000 | 98.345 / 6.75% | 98.345/6.75% | | | | | 110 000 | 110 000 | 92.791 / 7.79% | 92.783 / 7.80% | | | | | | | | |
| 3.3.2009. | | | | | 30 000 | 30 000 | 96.349 / 7.60% | 96.349/7.60% | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10.3.2009. | 600 000 | 600 000 | 98.140 / 7.60% | 98.140/7.60% | 50 000 | 50 000 | 96.349 / 7.60% | 96.349 / 7.60% | 90 000 | 90 000 | 92.807 / 7.77% | 92.783 / 7.80% | | | | | | | | |
| 17.3.2009. | | | | | 50 000 | 50 000 | 96.279 / 7.75% | 96.279/7.75% | 2 000 | 2 000 | 94.177 / 6.20% | 94.177 / 6.20% | | | | | | | | |
| 24.3.2009. | | | | | | | | | | | | | 105 710 | 115 734 | 93.014 / 7.53% | 92.783 / 7.80% | | | | |
| 31.3.2009. | | | | | | | | | | | | | 53 000 | 54 300 | 92.834 / 7.74% | 92.783 / 7.80% | | | | |
| 7.4.2009. | | | | | 10 000 | 10 000 | 96.396 / 7.50% | 96.396 / 7.50% | 208 000 | 208 000 | 92.843 / 7.73% | 92.783 / 7.80% | 22 850 | 22 850 | 92.948 / 7.61% | 92.783 / 7.80% | | | | |
| 14.4.2009. | | | | | | | | | | | | | 24 550 | 24 550 | 92.823 / 7.75% | 92.783 / 7.80% | | | | |
| 21.4.2009. | 30 000 | 30 000 | 98.156 / 7.54% | 98.140/7.60% | 201 000 | 201 000 | 96.320/7.66% | 96.303 / 7.70% | 9 000 | 9 000 | 93.012/7.53% | 92.955 / 7.60% | | | | | | | | |
| 5.5.2009. | | | | | 102 000 | 102 000 | 96.305 / 7.69% | 96.303 / 7.70% | 124 000 | 124 000 | 92.963 / 7.59% | 92.955 / 7.60% | 66 493 | 66 493 | 92.857 / 7.71% | 92.783 / 7.80% | | | | |
| 2.6.2009. | | | | | 10 000 | 10 000 | 96.303 / 7.70% | 96.303 / 7.70% | 216 000 | 216 000 | 92.983 / 7.57% | 92.954 / 7.60% | 75 000 | 102 263 | 92.913 / 7.65% | 92.783 / 7.80% | | | | |
| 9.6.2009. | 400 000 | 400 000 | 98.140 / 7.60% | 98.140/7.60% | | | | | 160 000 | 160 000 | 92.966 / 7.59% | 92.955 / 7.60% | 71 150 | 74 150 | 92.876 / 7.69% | 92.783 / 7.80% | | | | |
| 16.6.2009. | 7 000 | | 98.140 / 7.60% | | 320 000 | 327 000 | 96.305 / 7.69% | 96.303 / 7.70% | 168 000 | | 92.783 / 7.80% | | 71 000 | | 92.888 / 7.68% | | | | | |
| 30.6.2009. | 92 000 | 92 000 | 98.153 / 7.55% | 98.140/7.60% | | | | | 110 000 | | 92.783 / 7.80% | | 30 902 | 30 902 | 92.832 / 7.74% | 92.783 / 7.80% | | | | |
| 7.7.2009. | | | | | | | | | 104 000 | | 92.884 / 7.68% | | | | | | | | | |
| 14.7.2009. | | | | | | | | | 170 000 | | 92.783 / 7.80% | | 31 367 | | 92.828 / 7.75% | | | | | |
| 21.7.2009. | | | | | | | | | 17 000 | | 92.783 / 7.80% | | 31 769 | | 92.868 / 7.70% | | | | | |
| 28.7.2009. | | | | | | | | | 10 000 | | 93.214 / 7.30% | | 69 499 | | 92.841 / 7.73% | | | | | |
| 4.8.2009. | | | | | | | | | 160 000 | | 92.783 / 7.80% | | 28 006 | | 92.849 / 7.72% | | | | | |
| 25.8.2009. | | | | | | | | | 140 000 | | 92.783 / 7.80% | | 21 034 | | 92.873 / 7.70% | | | | | |
| 1.9.2009. | | | | | | | | | 162 000 | | 93.905 / 6.51% | | 43 637 | | 93.199 / 7.32% | | | | | |
| 8.9.2009. | | | | | | | | | 333 000 | | 92.847 / 7.73% | | | | 93.238 / 7.27% | | | | | |
| 15.9.2009. | | | | | | | | | 285 000 | | 92.809 / 7.77% | | | | 93.269 / 7.24% | | | | | |
| 22.9.2009. | | | | | | | | | 131 000 | | 92.812 / 7.77% | | 36 300 | | 93.491 / 6.98% | | | | | |
| 6.10.2009. | 27 000 | 107 000 | 00 150 / 7 5(0) | 00 1 (1 / 7 500/ | 110.000 | 215 000 | 06 205 / 7 520/ | 06 205 / 7 500/ | 58 000 | | 92.905 / 7.66% | 92.869 / 7.70% | | 125 921 | 93.662 / 6.79% | | | | | |
| 20.10.2009. | 27 000 | | 98.150 / 7.56% | | | | 96.385 / 7.52% | 96.395 / 7.50% | 201 000 | | 92.977 / 7.57% | 92.955 / 7.60% | 42 200 | | | 93.912 / 6.50% | | | | |
| 3.11.2009. | 25 000 | | 98.215 / 7.29% | | 20 000 | | 96.481 / 7.31% | 96.627 / 7.00% | 107 000 | | 93.191 / 7.33% | 93.475 / 7.00% | | | 94.257 / 6.11% | | | | | |
| 10.11.2009. | 40 000 | | 98.417 / 6.45% | | | | 96.887 / 6.44% | 97.001 / 6.20% | 125 000 | | 93.982 / 6.42% | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.12.2009. | 320 000 | | 98.740 / 5.12% | | 100 000 | | 97.358 / 5.44% | 97.567 / 5.00% | | | 94.654 / 5.66% | | 51 586 | | | | | | | |
| 8.12.2009. | | | 98.664 / 5.43% | | 22 000 | | 97.418 / 5.32% | 97.095 / 6.00% | 569 000 1 | | 94.012 / 6.39% | | 42 098 | | 95.607 / 4.61% | | | | | |
| 15.12.2009. 29.12.2009. | | | 98.646 / 5.51% 98.722 / 5.19% | | | | 96.998 / 6.21% 97.251 / 5.67% | 97.095 / 6.00% 97.473 / 5.20% | 589 000 1 250 000 | 555 000 | 94.075 / 6.32% 94.357 / 6.00% | 94.177/6.20% 94.363/5.99% | 114 450 30 220 | | 95.440 / 4.79% 95.612 / 4.60% | 95.432 / 4.80% 95.705 / 4.50% | | | | |
| 29.12.2009. | | | | | | | | | 557 000 1 | | | | 20 603 | | | 95.705/4.50% 96.210/3.95% | | | | |
| 9.2.2010. | 205 000 | 1 300 000 | 99.263 / 2.98% | 99.303 / 2.40% | 173 000 1 | 1 330 000 | 98.117 / 3.85% | JU.JUJ / J.45% | | | 95.796 / 4.40% 96.360 / 3.79% | 96.164 / 4.00% | 20 603 | | 96.133 / 4.03% 96.403 / 3.74% | | | | | |
| 9.2.2010. | | | | | | | | | | | 96.360 / 3.79% 96.371 / 3.78% | | 28 803 31 500 | | 96.403 / 3.74% 96.789 / 3.33% | | | | | |
| 10.2.2010. | | | | | | | | | 333,000 | 091 000 | 50.571/5.70% | 50.027 / 5.30 % | 51 300 | 41 000 | 50.705/ 5.33% | 50.750/5.53% | | | | |









NOTES ON METHODOLOGY

CROLEI Index

Based on the so-called leading indicators, the Economic Institute in Zagreb and the Ministry of Finance compile the **CROLEI (CROatian Leading Economic Indicator)**, a composite forecast index created in accordance with the methodology of the National Bureau of Economic Research in the United States. The index predicts standard economic cycles as well as economic growth cycles in Croatia using the industrial production volume index as the reference series. In November of 2007, a thorough revision of the system of indicators, methodological procedures and CROLEI index itself took place.

The new revised index combines seven best-performing leading indicators, whose average prognostic power has increased significantly compared to the previous index, with an average prediction time of eight months in relation to the referent series. The revised index includes three components of the previous prognostic measure indicating the reliability of the method of indicators. According to the standards of the method, this represents a very stable and highly significant relation between the indicator and the referent series, which greatly helps the overall economic activity forecasting. The seven leading indicators included in the calculation of the new CROLEI index are: unemployment benefits beneficiaries, retail trade turnover, producers' price indices in the EU-25, unconsolidated budget revenues, total cash of participants in the payment system, loans to households and cash market interest rate on kuna credits not indexed to foreign currency.

In addition to CROLEI, the diffusive index is compiled as well and it is compatible with CROLEI. Its trend efficiently predicts changes in the trend of the economy.

General note for the tables from 2 to 19:

The data are on the cash basis.

Table 2: Budgetary Central Government Revenues

(Budgetary Central Government according to the GFS 2001 methodology is equivalent to the State Budget in terms of the Budget Act ("Official Gazette" 87/2008).

Budgetary Central Government revenue (1), according to the International Monetary Fund's GFS 2001 methodology (Government Finance Statistics), is an increase in net worth resulting from a financial transaction in relation to Government. According to this methodology, Budgetary Central Government revenues are composed of main categories as follows: taxes (11), social contributions (12), grants (13) and other revenue (14).

Taxes (11) are compulsory transfers to the Government sector, composed of following categories:

- *Taxes on income, profits and capital gains (111)* are attributed either to individuals (1111) who pay income tax or to corporations and other enterprises (1112) that pay profit tax. In cases when the information needed to determine to which of the mentioned categories taxes should be attributed is not available, the taxes are treated as not allocable (1113).
- Taxes on payroll and workforce (112) consist of taxes that are collected from employers or self-employed persons, either as a proportion of
 payroll size or as a fixed amount per person, and are not earmarked for social security schemes. Since this category doesn't exist in the tax
 system of the Republic of Croatia, it is not published in the report on Budgetary Central Government Revenues.
- *Taxes on property (113)* include taxes on the use, ownership or transfer of wealth. According to GFS 2001 methodology, it encompasses recurrent taxes on immovable property (1131), recurrent taxes on estate, inheritance and gifts (1133) as well as taxes on financial and capital transactions (1134). In the report on Budgetary Central Government Revenues, this category consists only of taxes on property.
- Taxes on goods and services (114) include all taxes levied on the production, extraction, sale, transfer, leasing or delivery of goods and rendering of services. Taxes on goods and services include: general taxes on goods and services (1141) that are divided into value added tax (11411), sales tax (11412) and turnover and other general taxes on goods and services (11413); excises (1142); profits on fiscal monopolies (1143); taxes on specific services (1144); taxes on use of goods and on permission to use goods or perform activities (1145); and other taxes on goods and services (1146). Taxes on specific services (1144) include all taxes levied on payments for specific services, such as taxes on transport charges, insurance premiums, banking services, entertainment and advertising charges. Taxes on use of goods and on permission to use goods or perform activities (1145) include various business and professional licences.
- Taxes on international trade and transactions (115) include customs and other import duties collected on goods entering the country or services delivered by non-residents to residents. This item also includes taxes on exports, profits on export or import monopolies, exchange profits, exchange taxes and other taxes on international trade and transactions.
- Other taxes (116) cover revenue from taxes levied predominantly on bases other than those described under previous tax headings. It also includes revenue from unidentified taxes that can't be classified in one of the mentioned tax categories.

Social contributions (12), within the tax system of the Republic of Croatia, encompass relevant contributions to social security schemes (121), which are classified according to source of contribution as follows:

- *Employee contributions (1211)* are either paid directly by employees or are deducted from employees' wages and salaries and transferred on their behalf by the employer.
- Employer contributions (1212) are paid directly by employers on behalf of their employees.
- Self-employed or non-employed contributions (1213) are paid by contributors who are not employees.
- Unallocable contributions (1214) are those contributions whose source cannot be determined (For 2002, most data in the table falls into this category because at the time the same contributions were paid partly by the employee and partly by the employer and it was impossible to separate the two).

Grants (13) are non-compulsory current or capital transfers received by a government unit from other general government units, foreign governments or international organization.



Other revenues (14) are composed of property income (141), sales of goods and services (142), fines, penalties and forfeits (143), voluntary transfers other then grants (144) and miscellaneous and unidentified revenue (145).

Property income (141) includes a variety of forms of revenue that government units earn from financial and/or nonproduced assets that they own: interest (1411), dividends (1412), withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations (1413), property income from insurance policyholders (1414) and rent (1415), which is property income received from the lease of land and other naturally occurring assets. Revenues from sales of goods and services (142) refer to sales by market establishments (1421) owned by government which carry out only a single productive activity or the principal productive activity accounts for most of the value added; then administrative fees (1422) and incidental sales by non-market establishments (1423).

Voluntary transfers other then grants (144) include gifts and voluntary donations from individuals, private non-profit institutions, nongovernmental foundations, corporations and any other source other than governments and international organizations.

As of 1st of July 2001, Budgetary Central Government revenues include pension insurance contributions, which were, prior to that revenue of the Croatian Institute for Pension Insurance. Also, as of 1st of January 2002, health insurance contributions and employment contributions, which were prior to that revenues of the Croatian Employment Service and the Croatian Health Insurance Institute, are included in the Budgetary Central Government. All mentioned revenues are classified according to the GFS 2001 methodology.

By the end of 2001, two new extra-budgetary funds were founded: the Regional Development Fund as well as the Development and Employment Fund. They took over some of the Budgetary Central Government activities as well as the receipts from privatisation of public enterprises. As of 1st of January 2003, these funds have been included in the coverage of the Budgetary Central Government.

Since 2007 all the transactions of the Croatian Institute for Pension Insurance, the Croatian Health Insurance Institute and the Croatian Employment Service) have been included in the Budgetary Central Government.

Table 3: Budgetary Central Government Expense

Budgetary Central Government Expense (2) is, according to the International Monetary Fund's GFS 2001 (Government Finance Statistics) methodology, a decrease in net worth resulting from a financial transaction in relation to Government. According to this methodology, Budgetary Central Government expenses are composed of the following main categories: compensation of employees (21), use of goods and services (22), consumption of fixed capital (23), interest (24), subsidies (25), grants (26), social benefits (27) and other expense (28).

Compensation of employees (21) is the total remuneration, in cash or in kind, payable to a government employee. It includes both wages and salaries (211) and social contributions (212) made on behalf of employees to social insurance schemes.

Use of goods and services (22) represents the total value of goods and services purchased by government sector for use in a production process or acquired for resale less the net change in inventories of those goods and services.

Consumption of fixed capital (23) is the decline during the course of an accounting period in the value of fixed assets, as a result of psychical deterioration, normal obsolescence or normal accidental damage. Namely, consumption of fixed capital is not included in budgetary reports because such data are still not available for the report purposes, according to the GFS 2001 methodology.

Interest (24) is an expense resulting from a government unit borrowing funds from another unit. Total interest payable is subdivided into interest payable to non-residents (241), interest payable to residents other than general government (242) and interest payable to other general government units (243).

Subsidies (25) are current non-repayable payments that government makes to enterprises based on the level of their production activities or the quantities or values of goods or services they produce, sell, export or import. Subsidies also include transfers to public corporations and quasicorporations aimed to compensate for losses arising from pricing policies that reflect deliberate government economic and social policy by charging prices that are lower than the average cost of production. Subsidies are classified by recipient type: whether it is a public financial/nonfinancial enterprise (251) or private financial/nonfinancial enterprise (252).

Grants (26) are non-compulsory current or capital transfers, in cash or kind, classified by type of recipients: grants to foreign government (261), grants to international organizations (262) and grants to other general government units (263).

Social benefits (27) are defined as current transfers, classified according the type of scheme governing their payment:

- Social security benefits (271) are social benefits payable to households by social security schemes. Typical social security benefits in cash
 include sickness and invalidity benefits, maternity allowances, children's or family allowances, unemployment benefits, retirement and
 survivors' pensions. In-kind benefits from insurance include goods and services acquired on the market for the household, or reimbursement
 for household expenses for that purpose. Medical or dental treatments, surgery, hospital accommodation, pharmaceutical products, home
 care and similar goods and services fall into this category.
- Social assistance benefits (272) are transfers payable to households and aimed to cover the same needs as social insurance benefits but that are not subject to social insurance schemes. Social assistance benefits may be paid in cases when no social insurance scheme exists to cover the circumstances in question, when households do not participate in existing social insurance schemes, or when social insurance benefits are inadequate to meet particular needs. In the Republic of Croatia, a larger part of this category refers to child allowances, various aids to families and households, disabled persons, etc. Grants in kind include co-financing of transportation costs, home care, accommodation, food and other similar goods and services.
- *Employer social benefits (273)* are social benefits payable by government to their employees similar to social insurance schemes. In the Republic of Croatia, a major part of this category relates to severance payments.

Other expense (28) is subdivided into two main categories:

- Property expense other then interest (281) may take the form of dividends (as distributions of profits by public corporations to their shareholders or owners), withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations, property income from insurance policyholders or rent (as the expense related to the lease of land, subsoil assets and other nonproduced naturally occurring assets). Rent of land is the most important in this category.
- *Miscellaneous expense (282)* includes a number of current or capital transfers such as: current transfers to non-profit institutions, payments of compensation for injuries or damages caused by natural disasters or caused by general government units, scholarship, purchases of goods and services from market producers that are distributed directly to households for consumption (except social benefits), capital grants to enterprises and non-profit institutions serving households for the acquisition of nonfinancial assets or coverage of accumulated losses, capital grants to households for construction and reconstruction purposes, etc.

As of 1st of July 2001, Budgetary Central Government expense includes the expense for domestic pensions, which was prior to that expense of the Croatian Institute for Pension Insurance.

As of 1st of January 2002, Budgetary Central Government expense includes the expense originating from employment rights as well as expense based on health insurance, which were prior to that expenses of the Croatian Employment Service and Croatian Health Insurance Institute respectively.

As of 1st of January 2004, Budgetary Central Government expense includes the expense for foreign pensions, which was prior to that expense of the Croatian Institute for Pension Insurance.

All mentioned expenses are classified according to the GFS 2001 methodology.

As of 1st of January 2003, the coverage of the Budgetary Central Government is expanded by classifying the Regional Development Fund and the Development and Employment Fund as budget users, which were prior to that classified as extrabudgetary funds.

Since 2007 social security funds (Croatian Institute for Pension Insurance, Croatian Health Insurance Institute and Croatian Employment Service) have been included in the coverage of Budgetary Central Government.

Table 4: Transactions in Nonfinancial Assets of Budgetary Central Government

Nonfinancial assets (31) usually occur as outputs from a production process, as natural resources or as a creation of society. Depending on that, nonfinancial assets are classified as produced and nonproduced nonfinancial assets. According to GFS 2001 methodology, all assets, including nonfinancial assets, as well as liabilities are observed from several aspects using different classifications identified by different codes. Those classifications are then further subdivided in groups according to categories of assets/liabilities which are identical among classifications. Namely, GFS 2001 observes assets and liabilities from the aspects of: transactions (classification 3); gains/losses from holdings of assets and liabilities (classification 4); other flows in assets/liabilities (classification 5); and stocks (classification 6). Currently, not all the data needed to produce classifications 4, 5 and 6 are available in the Republic of Croatia. As a result, the reports include only data on transactions (code 31 for nonfinancial assets). In this sense, the following definitions and codes should be acknowledged.

Produced nonfinancial assets are composed of following components, according to GFS 2001:

- *Fixed assets (311)* represent produced assets that are used repeatedly or continuously in the production process for more than one year. Fixed assets are composed of three main categories:
 - buildings and structures (3111), which by the existing chart of account also includes the subgroup of construction objects;
 - machinery and equipment (3112), which by existing chart of accounts also includes the subgroup of transportation machinery as well
 as the subgroup of books, artworks and other art values;
 - other fixed assets (3113), which also includes cultivated assets (animal stock, plantations) as well as nonmaterial produced assets (investment in computer programs, science works etc.)
- *Inventories (312)* represent goods and services held by producers for sale, use in production or other use at a later date. Inventories are classified as strategic stocks (which include goods held for strategic and emergency purposes, goods held within organizations acting as market regulators as well as goods of special national interest) and other inventories (which consist of materials and supplies used in production process, work in progress, finished goods and goods for resale). Usually, those transactions appear with a small share in the budget.
- Valuables (313) are produced goods of considerable value that are acquired and held over time primarily as stores of value and not for purposes of production or consumption (precious stones, paintings, sculptures etc.).

Nonproduced nonfinancial assets (314) consist of tangible, naturally occurring assets over which ownership rights are enforced, and intangible nonproduced assets (3144) which are of social origin (patents, leasing contracts, goodwill etc.). Naturally occurring assets include land (3141), subsoil assets (3142) and other naturally occurring assets (3143), e.g. electro-magnetic frequencies.

All transactions that increase the value of a certain fixed asset are called **acquisitions**, while transactions that reduce the value of a certain category are called **disposals**. In order to record separately acquisitions and disposals, additional sub-codes are added after the code's decimal point (comma): number 1 to denote acquisitions and number 2 to denote disposals.

For example, the construction of a school building or a hospital is treated as an acquisition of fixed assets, i.e. buildings and structures (3111,1), while sales of public flats are denoted as sales of fixed assets (3111,2). Similarly, purchases of cars and computer equipment are treated as acquisitions of fixed assets, namely under machinery and equipment (3112,1) while sales of the same are denoted as sales of fixed assets (3112,2). As an exception according the GFS 2001 methodology, inventories are presented only as net changes resulting from transactions and not as gross values for acquisitions and disposals.

Table 5: Transactions in Financial Assets of Budgetary Central Government

Financial assets (32) consist of financial claims, monetary gold and special drawing rights (SDR).

Financial claims are defined as financial assets which entitles one unit (creditor) to receive one or more payments from another unit (debtor) according to the terms of the agreement. Claims can figure as claims on other units, domestic (321) or foreign (322). The classification of financial assets is primarily based upon the degree of liquidity and legal characteristics of the instruments that describe the underlying creditor-debtor relationships: currency and deposits, securities other than shares, loans, shares and other equity, insurance technical reserves, financial derivatives and other accounts receivable.

Monetary gold and SDRs are not financial claims, which mean that they are not the liability of any other unit. They do, however, provide economic benefits by serving as a store of value and they are used as a means of payment to settle financial claims and finance other types of transactions. As a result, they are, by convention, treated as financial assets.

All transactions that increase a unit's holdings of assets are labelled as **acquisitions** and all transactions that decrease a unit's holdings of assets are labelled as **disposals**. According to GFS 2001, it is customary to present only net acquisition of financial assets but here the data is presented through acquisitions and disposal due to transparency. The same coding system described in nonfinancial assets is also used for financial assets. For example, government loans to domestic units should be classified as acquisition of financial assets (3214,1) and their repayment by domestic units to government should be classified as disposal of financial assets (3214,2). Also, privatisation is a typical example of transactions in financial assets. Namely, sales of domestic public enterprise shares (privatisation) should be recorded as disposals of shares and other equity (3215,2) and purchase of some enterprise shares by government should be recorded as acquisitions of shares and other equity (3215,1).



Table 6: Transactions in Liabilities of Budgetary Central Government

Upon the creation of a financial claim of the creditor, the debtor, as the counterpart of the financial asset, simultaneously incurs a **liability (33)** of equal value. As well as transactions in financial assets, transactions in liabilities are defined as domestic (331) or foreign liabilities (332). The classification of liabilities is primarily based upon the degree of liquidity and legal characteristic of the instruments that describe the underlying creditor-debtor relationships: currency and deposits, securities other than shares, loans, shares and other equity (only of public corporations so they don't appear in the budget), insurance technical reserves, financial derivatives and other accounts receivable.

Transactions that increase the level of liabilities are referred to as **incurrence** of liabilities, while transactions that decrease the level of liabilities are referred to as **repayment**. As in the case of financial assets and due to transparency, the reports present gross repayments (denoted by number 1) and incurrence (denoted by number 2). For example, bonds issued by government in the foreign financial market are classified as foreign incurrence of securities other then shares (3323,2), and their redemptions should be recorded as repayment of securities other than shares (3323,1). Also, when the government borrows from domestic units, this transaction should be recorded as incurrence of loans (3314,2) and their redemption should be recorded as repayment of loans (3314,1). The only exception are repayments of short-term loans and the amortization of short-term securities performed within the same year that are, according to Article 77, point (3) of the Budget Accounting and Chart of Accounts Ordinance ("Official Gazette" 27/2005 and 127/2007), presented as net value, hence as a reduction in incurrence rather than as a repayment.

The result of net transactions in liabilities (33) and net transactions in financial assets (32) is defined as financing.

Table 7: Transactions in financial assets and liabilities, by sectors

Table 7 represents a summary of transactions in financial assets and liabilities by sector. Data for Budgetary Central Government, Extrabudgetary Users and Consolidated Central Government is published monthly, while data for Local Government and Consolidated General Government is published quarterly.

Table 8-8B

According to the GFS 2001 methodology, the Statement of Budgetary Central Government Operations details data on transactions in revenues (1), transactions in expenses (2), net transactions of nonfinancial assets (31), net transactions of financial assets (32) and net transactions of liabilities (33).

Operating balance is equal to revenue (1) minus expense (2).

Operating balance represents a measure of total cost of public goods and services. Positive operating balance increases net worth of the public sector indicating an excess of resources which are direct result of current operations and which can be used to acquire assets and/or to reduce liabilities. On the other hand, negative operating balance indicates a shortage of resources which is the result of current operations and, which reduces net worth and thus results as an increase in liabilities and/or sales of assets. Hence, operating balance is the indicator of sustainability of current government operations, but it is not necessarily an indicator of sustainability of future government operations. Value of operating balance is close to current deficit/surplus as defined according to GFS 1986. **Net operating balance** equals revenue (1) minus expense (2) other than consumption of fixed capital (23). In Croatia, the gross and net operating balance is the same due to the lack of data on consumption of fixed capital.

Primary operating balance is equal to operating balance (revenue minus expense) augmented by interest expense and serves as an indicator of current fiscal policy considering that it does not include interest expense and hence excludes effects of past deficits and accumulated public debt from the balance.

Net lending/borrowing is equal to operating balance minus net acquisition of nonfinancial assets. Net lending/borrowing is also equal to net acquisition of financial assets minus net incurrence of liabilities or in other words, the amount of net lending/borrowing is financed with the difference between the net incurrence of liabilities and net acquisition of financial assets. This measure can serve as an indicator of financial assets to domestic sectors or abroad, while negative net lending/borrowing implies an incurrence of liabilities from domestic sectors or abroad by the government.

Tables 9-14

According to Article 3 of the Budget Act ("Official Gazette" 87/2008), extrabudgetary users are extrabudgetary funds, enterprises and other legal entities in which the central or local government has decisive management control. **An extrabudgetary fund** is an extrabudgetary user; a legal entity created by law and financed by specific contributions and other revenues.

The Croatian Institute for Pension Insurance, Croatian Health Insurance Institute, Croatian Employment Service and the public enterprise "Croatian Waters" have been classified as extrabudgetary users since 1994. By the end of 2001 two more funds were created, namely the Development and Employment Fund and the Regional Development Fund, which took over some of the Budgetary Central Government activities resulting in an expansion of the coverage of extrabudgetary users since the 1st of January 2002. As of the 1st of January 2003, these funds ceased being extrabudgetary funds and have been included in the coverage of the Budgetary Central Government as budgetary funds/users.

As of the 1st of July 2001, revenues from pension insurance contributions and expenses for pensions have been transferred from the Croatian Institute for Pension Insurance to Budgetary Central Government. The largest share of pension payments (domestic pensions) was paid directly through the State Treasury, while the remaining payments were performed through the Croatian Institute for Pension Insurance.

As of the 1st of January 2002, revenues from contributions and expenses for settlement of particular obligations of the Croatian Health Insurance Institute and Croatian Employment Service have been transferred to the Budgetary Central Government (through the State Treasury system). Currently, contributions for pension insurance amount to 20 percent of the salary (persons that participate in the second pillar of the pension insurance system pay 15 percent for the first pillar plus 5percent for the second pillar). Contributions paid by employers include special contributions for the insurance against work injuries and professional diseases in the amount of 0.5 percent on salaries, health insurance contributions amounting 15 percent on salaries as well as employment contributions in the amount of 1.7 percent on salaries. In April of 2001, two new state-owned legal entities were created, namely the Croatian Motorways and Croatian Roads. These entities took over the functions of the former Croatian Road Authority. Data on these entities as well as data on the State Agency for Deposit Insurance and Bank Rehabilitation and the Croatian Privatization Fund was presented in the reports of 2002 according to the requirements of the IMF methodology. Since 2003, they have become part of the official coverage of Consolidated Central Government, which is used in the process of budget creation.

Since the 1st of January 2004, the coverage of extrabudgetary funds also includes the Environment Protection Fund. Further, since the 1st of May 2004, payments of foreign pensions were performed directly through the State Treasury and no longer by transfer to the Croatian Institute for Pension Insurance. As of the 1st of January 2007, all the transactions of the Croatian Institute for Pension Insurance, the Croatian Health Insurance Institute and the Croatian Employment Service have been included in the Budgetary Central Government.

Tables 9-14 detail data on revenue and expense according to the economic classification as well as transactions in nonfinancial assets, financial assets and liabilities for each extrabudgetary user.

With the budget 2008 revision (July 2008), in order to align with the European statistical methodology ESA 95, the Croatian Motorways has been classified into the public non-financial corporations subsector and its transactions are not recorded within the general government sector any more. Regarding this, the data for the year 2008 have been recalculated and presented in that way as of N° 154. The said change, besides the changes in the extrabudgetary users' tables, implies also the recalculation in the tables 3, 8, 15, 16, 16A, 16B, 18 and 19.

Table 15: Consolidated Central Government by Economic Category

The Consolidated Central Government according to GFS 2001 methodology is equivalent to the Consolidated Central Government Budget as defined by the Budget Act (Consolidated State Budget and financial plans of extrabudgetary users).

The Consolidated Central Government Budget results from the consolidation of financial transactions between the State Budget and extrabudgetary users, as well as between the extrabudgetary users themselves.

Table 15 presents the Consolidated Central Government's revenue and expense as well as the transactions in nonfinancial assets, financial assets and liabilities according to the economic classification.

Table 16: Consolidated Central Government According to Government Level

Table 16 gives summary of revenue, expense, transactions in nonfinancial assets, financial assets and liabilities for each of the component of the Consolidated Central Government, namely the Budgetary Central Government and extrabudgetary users (disaggregated).

Table 16A-16B

Operating balance is equal to revenue (1) minus expense (2).

Operating balance represents a measure of total cost of public goods and services. Positive operating balance increases net worth of the public sector indicating an excess of resources which are direct result of current operations and which can be used to acquire assets and/or to reduce liabilities. On the other hand, negative operating balance indicates a shortage of resources which is the result of current operations and, which reduces net worth and thus results as an increase in liabilities and/or sales of assets. Hence, operating balance is the indicator of sustainability of current government operations, but it is not necessarily an indicator of sustainability of future government operations. Value of operating balance is close to current deficit/ surplus as defined according to GFS 1986. **Net operating balance** equals revenue (1) minus expense (2) other than consumption of fixed capital (23). In Croatia, the gross and net operating balance is the same due to the lack of data on consumption of fixed capital.

Primary operating balance is equal to operating balance (revenue minus expense) augmented by interest expense and serves as an indicator of current fiscal policy considering that it does not include interest expense and hence excludes effects of past deficits and accumulated public debt from the balance.

Net lending/borrowing is equal to operating balance minus net acquisition of nonfinancial assets. Net lending/borrowing is also equal to net acquisition of financial assets minus net incurrence of liabilities or in other words, the amount of net lending/borrowing is financed with the difference between the net incurrence of liabilities and net acquisition of financial assets. This measure can serve as an indicator of financial effect of government operations to the rest of the economy: positive net lending/borrowing implies that the government is placing financial assets to domestic sectors or abroad, while negative net lending/borrowing implies an incurrence of liabilities from domestic sectors or abroad by the government.

Table 17: Local Government Transactions (the largest 53 units)

Table 17 details data on revenue and expense of local governments (53 largest units that include counties, the City of Zagreb and other 32 cities, which make up to 70-80 percent of total transactions and which are in this sense observed since 2001) according to economic category as well as data on transactions in nonfinancial assets, financial assets and liabilities. Table 20 is published quarterly according to financial reports of the Financial Agency (FINA).

According to the Law on Financing of Local Governments ("Official Gazette" 117/93, 69/97, 33/00, 127/00, 59/01, 107/01, 117/01, 150/02, 147/03, 132/06, 26/07 and 73/08) local governments acquire revenue from own sources, through mutual taxes and through grants from state and county budgets.

Counties own sources of revenues are as follow: income from own assets, county taxes (inheritance and gift tax, motor vehicle tax, seafaring and freshwater vessel tax, gaming machine tax), monetary fines, confiscated assets and other revenue as stipulated by special legislation.

The own sources of revenues of municipalities and cities are: income from own assets, municipal taxes (consumption tax, vacation houses tax, public land use tax, tax on company name), monetary fines, administrative fees, residence fees, utility charges, charges for the use of public municipal or urban land and other revenue as stipulated by special legislation. Beside this, cities and municipalities can impose surtax to income tax as an additional revenue source (up to 10 percent in municipalities, up to 12 percent in cities below 30,000 inhabitants, up to 15percent in cities with the population above 30,000 and up to 30 percent in the City of Zagreb).



Mutual taxes of Budgetary Central Government and local and regional self-government units are: property sales tax (the share of municipalities and cities is 60 percent and that of the Budgetary Central Government 40 percent), personal income tax (municipalities and cities receive 55 percent increased by share of decentralised functions, counties 15.5 percent also increased by share of decentralised functions, the share of grants for adjustment for decentralized functions is 17.5 percent and the share for decentralised functions is 12 percent. The City of Zagreb receives 70.5 percent of personal income tax increased by share for decentralised functions. For those municipalities and cities on islands that reach an agreement on mutual financing of a capital project concerning island development, the share of personal income tax increases by 17.5 percent. Municipalities and cities located in the Areas of Special State Concern or in the Mountain Areas, the share of personal income tax amount to 90 percent.

The part of personal income tax revenue which is allotted from Budgetary Central Government to local governments on the basis of decentralized functions is treated as grant from other general government units according to GFS 2001 methodology.

Table 18: Consolidated General Government by Economic Category

Table 18 details data by economic category on revenue and expense as well as data on transactions in nonfinancial assets, financial assets and liabilities of the Consolidated General Government and it is published quarterly.

In terms of the Budget Act, the **Consolidated Budget of Republic of Croatia** represents the Consolidated Central Government and Consolidated Local Governments Budget. In terms of the GFS 2001 methodology it relates to Consolidated General Government.

The Consolidated General Government is the result of the consolidation of transactions on all government levels and among them - Budgetary Central Government, Extrabudgetary Users and Local Government Budgets (the largest 53 units).

Table 19: Consolidated General Government by government level

Table 19 details data on aggregate amounts of revenue, expense, transactions in nonfinancial and financial assets as well as transactions in liabilities for each component of the Consolidated General Government: Budgetary Central Government, Extrabudgetary Users and Local Government Budgets (the largest 53 units). It is published quarterly and for further methodology notes see explanation for table 18.

Table 20: General Government debt stock

This table gives an overview of the foreign and domestic debt of the Central Government, Extrabudgetary Users and Local Government. According to the Budget Act (Official Gazette no. 87/2008), public debt is defined as the debt of the General Budget.

In December of 2003, debt of HAC, HC, DAB and HFP was classified from Central Government sector to Extrabudgetary Users sector.

According to the new methodology, general government domestic debt also includes accrued interests.

The International Monetary Fund and the World Bank introduced a new international reporting standard on external debt in 2004. The new standard is based on recommendations derived from the new External Debt Statistics - Guide for Compilers and Users and is accepted by countries members of the Special Data Dissemination Standard - SDDS. Since Croatia is member the SDDS, the Ministry of Finance started compiling external debt data according to the new standard since the beginning of 2005. Data in line with the new standard is available since the no. 115 of the Monthly Statistical Review.

Table 21: Consolidated Central Government Domestic Debt

Frozen Foreign Exchange Deposits - at the end of 1991 and based on a directive of the Croatian Government ("Official Gazette" 71/91, 3/92, 12/92, 71/92, 103/93), the foreign exchange deposits of citizens in banks operating in the Republic of Croatia as of the 27th of April 1991 were converted into public debt of the Republic of Croatia. The deposits were augmented by the corresponding interest rate payments in 1991. The claims amounting DEM 5.034 billion were substituted by bonds of the Republic of Croatia repaid in twenty semi-annual instalments beginning as of 30th of June 1995.

Big Bonds were issued in 1991 with a DEM 1,550.09 million nominal value. In 1996 Big Bonds were split into Big Bonds I, Big Bonds II (Riječka banka and Splitska banka), Big Bonds III (Privredna banka) and Big Bonds IV (Privredna banka). Big Bonds IV (Privredna Banka) were redeemed in 2000. In April 2000, the Government replaced the old Big Bonds I, which were not paying interest, with new bonds for economic restructuring (Big Bonds I). The new Big Bonds I mature in 2011 and pay an annual interest rate of 5percent.

Reconstruction Bonds were issued in 1992 and 1993 ("Official Gazette" No. 65/91) in order to collect funds to finance the reconstruction of wardamaged commercial, religious and cultural heritage structures. There were 3 bond issues: the first issue had a value of DEM 50 million and USD 30 million, the second issue was worth CAD 10 million, while the third issue had a value of AUD 25 million.

Bonds - Series D are issued through a syndicate of domestic banks in order to foster the development of domestic capital markets. Bonds Series 01 D-04 were issued in 2001 with a EUR 200 million nominal value, maturing in three years with an annual interest rate of 6.5percent ("Official Gazette" No. 80/2001). Bonds Series 02-D8 were issued in 2001 with a EUR 200 million nominal value, for a seven-year period and 6.875percent annual interest rate ("Official Gazette" No. 112/2001). Bonds Series 03 D-12 were issued in three tranches. The first two issues took place in 2002 with a EUR 300 million nominal value. The third issue took place in January 2003 with a EUR 200 million nominal value. These bonds mature in 2012 and pay an annual interest rate of 6.875percent ("Official Gazette" No. 58/2002, No. 111/2002, No. 14/2003).

BRA Bonds: BRA Bonds I were issued for the rehabilitation of Riječka banka (HRK 552 million, "Official Gazette" Nos. 31/96, 20/98) and Splitska banka (HRK 765 million, "Official Gazette" Nos. 31/96, 22/98). Bonds for the rehabilitation of Privredna banka were issued in the amount of HRK 1,463 million. There were 3 bond issues ("Official Gazette", No. 106/98): BRA Bonds II (PBZ-DEM) were issued in the amount of DEM 84,333.6 million or equivalently HRK 300 million for a 15-year period. BRA Bonds III (PBZ-HRK) were issued in the amount of HRK 744 million for a 15-year period. BRA Bonds IV (PBZ-HRK) were issued in the amount of HRK 419.7 million for a 15-year period. BRA Bonds V were issued during 1998 for the rehabilitation of Dubrovačka banka in an amount of HRK 1,001.5 million for a 10-year period. At the beginning of 1999, a new decision on the rehabilitation and reconstruction of Dubrovačka banka was enacted ("Official Gazette", No. 11/99). The new decision prompted the issue of bonds in the amount of HRK 2,601.8 million, consisting of HRK 1,001.5 million in compliance with the former decision plus the new HRK 1,415.3 million for coverage of potential losses and additional HRK 185 million as recapitalisation of the bank. BRA Bonds V-A were issued as a

substitute for the unredeemed portion of the BRA Bonds V, whereas BRA bonds V-B covered the remaining part (HRK 1,600.3 million) according the new decision.

Treasury Bills are short-term securities issued by the Ministry of Finance. The issue price is set at regular auctions, while the planned issue is announced by the Ministry of Finance with the bid invitation. Treasury bills are issued with the maturity of 91,182, 364 and 728 days.

Deposit Insurance Scheme BRA Bonds are issued by the State Agency for Deposit Insurance and Bank Rehabilitation and are guaranteed by the Government. They are issued in order to foster the development of domestic capital markets and as means of payment for the insured deposits of bankrupted banks. Deposit Insurance Scheme BRA Bonds I were issued in 2000 with a EUR 105 million nominal value, an annual interest rate of 8percent and with a maturity of 3 years. Deposit Insurance Scheme BRA Bonds II were issued in 2000 with a EUR 225 million nominal value, 2005 maturity and 8.375 percent annual interest rate.

Health Institute Bonds were issued by the Croatian Health Insurance Institute and were guaranteed by the Government with the purpose to foster the development of the domestic capital market and to help the restructuring of the health insurance system. These Bonds were issued in 2000 with a nominal value of EUR 222 million and 8.5percent annual interest rate with the maturity in 2004.

Table 22: Results of the Treasury Bills' auctions held by the Ministry of Finance

Treasury Bills are short-term securities issued by the Ministry of Finance. The issue price is set at regular auctions, while the planned issue is announced by the Ministry of Finance with the bid invitation. Treasury bills are issued with maturity of 91,182, 364 and 728 days.

Table 22 details the results of the treasury bills' auctions held by the Ministry of Finance, classified by the date of auction and including the following: size, total bids received, weighted average of the bids received (HRK)/yielding (percent), uniform price allocation per 100 HRK/yielding (percent).

Table 23: Balance Sheet of public enterprises

According to Article 13 of the Law on Accountancy (Official Gazette no. 146/2005) the Balance Sheet is a systematic overview of assets, capital and liabilities on a certain date.

Table 23 is based on data retrieved from the Balance Sheet as fundamental financial statement, for nine selected public enterprises owned by the government. Table 23 presents the reduced form of the Balance Sheet for the mentioned enterprises detailing selected entries within assets (claims on unpaid share equity; non-current assets; current assets; prepayments and accrued income; loss above the value of equity) as well as within equity and liabilities (equity and reserves; long term provisions; noncurrent liabilities; current liabilities; accruals and deferred income).

Table 24: Profit and Loss Statement of public enterprises

According to article 13 of the Law on Accountancy (Official Gazette 146/2005) the Profit and Loss Statement is a fundamental financial statement detailing revenues and expenses as well as the financial result achieved in a certain period of time.

Table 24 presents the reduced form of the Profit and Loss Statement with selected entries (operational income; operational costs; financial revenue; financial expense; income on ordinary activities; expenses on ordinary activities; income on non-ordinary activities; expenses on non-ordinary activities; total income; total expenses; profit/loss before tax; profit/loss for the year).

Table 25: Trade payables and trade receivables of public enterprises

Table 25 represents short financial statement "Trade payables and trade receivables" of selected eight public enterprises. Data are collected quarterly within the whole set of reports on public enterprises in which Republic of Croatia holds majority share. Provided data present overdue trade payables and overdue trade receivables of selected public enterprise on a particular day.

Note:

All diagrams shown in text about fiscal sector refer to Budgetary Central Government.

The GFS 2001 Manual is published on the IMF web site under the following address:

http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/gfs/manual/comp.htm



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Independent Internal Audit Service: *Head of Service* Tomislav Mičetić

Independent Department for Financial Management, Internal Monitoring and Control: *Head of Department* Marijan Čižmešija

Independent Service for Second-Instance Administrative Procedure: *Head of Service* Zdenka Koharić

Independent Service for Information System: *Head of Service* Ivan Rašeta

Independent Service for Construction and Maintenance of Border-Crossings: *Head of Service* Ante Kapulica

Independent Department for Suppression of Irregularities and Fraud: *Head of Department* Mirjana Jurić

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State Treasury: *Chief Treasurer* Vesna Orlandini

> Department for Budget Preparation and Financing of Local Governments: *Director* Niko Raič, M.Sc.

Department for Budget Execution: *Director* Ivana Jakir Bajo

Department for Public Debt Management: Director Hrvoje Radovanić

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Sector for the National Fund Affairs: *Head of Sector* Dubravka Flinta

State Treasury Legal Affairs Department: *Head of Department* Bernardica Rubčić

Economy Directorate: *Director* Krešimir Dragić, M.Sc.

Financial System Directorate: *Director* Damir Kaufman

Directorate for European Integration and International Financial Relations: *Director* Vladimira Ivandić, M.Sc.

Directorate for Harmonisation of Internal Audit and Financial Control: *Director* Danijela Stepić

ADVANCE RELEASE CALENDAR

| Ministry of Finance Monthly Statistical Review | Notes | Release | | | |
|--|-------|---------|-----------|-----------|--------------|
| | | July 10 | August 10 | August 10 | September 10 |
| number | | 174 | 175 | 176 | 177 |
| SDDS Data Category | | July 10 | August 10 | August 10 | September 10 |
| General Government operations | 1) | (03/10) | | | (06/10) |
| Central Government operations | 2) | (03/10) | (04/10) | (05/10) | (06/10) |
| Internal Central Government Debt | 3) | (03/10) | (04/10) | (05/10) | (06/10) |

1) Consolidated central government, extrabudgetary users and local government according to GFS 2001

2) Consolidated central government and extrabudgetary users according to GFS 2001

3) Stock of central government domestic debt

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